

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

CONSIDERABLE mystery veils the arrest of two Irish workers held by the British government on charges of espionage. One of the two, James Joseph O'Leary, is a shipwright in a Portsmouth navy yard and the other, Cyril McGough, is a civil servant of London. They are charged by the admiralty with securing important official secrets much sought after by a certain foreign power. The suspects are reported to be agents of the "Irish republican government," which does not exist, unfortunately. The whole story looks like a typical frame-up to test the anti-Irish sentiment which has been on the rise among the working class of Great Britain.

MARGARET SLACHTA, a Russian Christian socialist, is in this country doing her bit in behalf of the bloodthirsty Horthy government. She urges the women of America to form a party of their own if they want to be of service to their country. She is a member of a Catholic order and is true to the reactionary role played by the church to which she belongs. "I am a great admirer of America's achievements," she claims. Perhaps the sister never heard of the Ku Klux Klan, our record for lynchings of Negroes and the criminal syndicalist laws. But perhaps these things don't bother her lady.

THE battle over the ratification of the child labor amendment is growing in intensity with the capitalists doing most of the fighting. The organization that should take the lead in this fight is the American Federation of Labor, is doing nothing. As usual the Workers Party is leading the workers in this fight. Every capitalist paper in the country is full of reasons why the proposed law is bad for the nation and particularly for the children. One spiteful headline is "Least entitled to credit for bringing forward something novel when he said that the passing of this law would prevent our youth from an opportunity to develop their muscles. Evidently the author of this argument was a victim of the muscle man's brain."

HUALMAN BRANTING, until a few days ago premier of Sweden, was unable to be present at the League of Nations, because of illness. He commissioned his deputy, the foreign minister, to put a wreath on Matteotti's grave. On the streamers of this wreath was the inscription: "Matteotti, who died for the freedom of his native country—Branting." Mark you, not for the freedom of his "class." However, when Mussolini heard it, he felt like biting Sweden on the cheek and notified the Swedish ambassador to that effect. The wreath remained in place. This is the way social democrats honor their dead.

THERE was much dispute over the real reason for the Klan outrages committed in Herrin, when Glenn Young brought his hired assassins there, shortly after the affair with the strikebreakers. THE DAILY WORKER held from the start that the Klansmen were acting with the sanction of the local coal operators, bankers and business men. The story of the recent shooting which ended in the death of Glenn Young and two of his gunmen and of Ora Thomas, anti-Klan man, confirms this view. Young started the hostilities when he approached the secretary of the local miners' union and threatened to kill him, charging the miner with having denounced Young and the Klan at union meetings. It was during the argument between Young and the coal digger that Thomas came on the scene and put an end to Young's career.

THE Brookwood Labor College, of Katonah, New York, throws out the suggestion that Samuel Gompers' scholarship should be established. No doubt, courses in class co-operation, on the identity of interests between the classes, etc., would be given.

Conant Commits Suicide.
BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Professor Carlos E. Conant, 54, world traveler and author, committed suicide today by leaping from the roof of an apartment house. He was instantly killed.

SOCIALISTS OF HUNGARY UNITE WITH FASCISTI

Sign Pact with Terror Rule of Horthy

By EUGEN LANDLER.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The central organ of the social-democratic party of Hungary has published the text of the pact which the leaders of the party concluded with the Horthy government on Dec. 22, 1921.

The declaration of the prime minister Count Bethlen, which appeared in the Christmas number of the "Neue Freie Presse," that in the event of the resignation of the social-democratic members of parliament he would consider it necessary to publish the pact concluded with the social-democrats in 1921, compelled the party leaders of the social-democrats to publish this shameful document themselves.

When one now reads the text of the pact one perceives that only the most desperate situation could have compelled the social-democratic white guards of Bethlen to publish this document.

These Hungarian scoundrels, with the signing of this pact, not only surpassed Noske's record, but also their own openly shameful record which they gained by their participation in the first bloody government of Horthy.

In the bloody treaty which was concluded three years ago between the allied great capitalist and great agrarian governments of the one part and the social-democratic party of Hungary, expressly in the name of the Hungarian working class, of the other part, the Hungarian proletariat was delivered over to the interest of the Magyar nation to the same extent as the German nation to the same extent.

As every social-democratic program contains a statement of principles and transitional demands, so is it also the case in this program, and it is difficult to decide which part of the social-democratic program is the most shameful. It constitutes the greatest crime against the Hungarian proletariat. When one reads the 12 points of the agreement contained in the protocol and which contain the practical demands, one sees that all theory is gray. Here, among other things, there is sanctioned the continuation of the internment and the compulsory police registration and control of those thousands of workers; here the robbery of the right of combination of the railway men is approved in black and white; here the exceptional court is justified as against the thousands who have already been condemned and tens of thousands who have not yet been sentenced, but are in prison awaiting trial; and here it also states that the freedom of the press is restored in Hungary.

In order to justify their shameful white guardist conduct, these traitors tried to put forward three excuses. They state: that their relations with the Horthy government were such that they had no other choice; that they did not fulfill the choice; that they did not fulfill the choice.

Organize Harvest Hands.
SYDNEY, Australia.—The Australian Workers' Union has organized the men handling the wheat harvest in New South Wales. The workers now get the following pay: Sheaf-pickers, \$3.25 per day with keep; bag-sowers, \$3.25 per day with keep; drivers of reapers, binders, threshers, strippers and harvesters, \$4.50 per day with keep; stack builders and thresher, \$5 per day with keep; general harvest hands, \$3.15 per day with keep; cooks, \$2.25 per week for 12 men in a mess, and \$2 per week extra for each additional man in the mess. Hours are fixed at 48 per week, with time and a half for overtime.

MELBOURNE, Australia.—The federal arbitration court's new wages for boiler-makers increase the hourly rate to 64c, equal to \$27.34 per week of 42 hours.

Fight This New Attack in Michigan; Build Party!

Statement by C. E. RUTHENBERG.

THE threat of new trials in the Michigan case which has become definite in setting the trial of Robert Minor for February 2, should be a clarion call to our whole party for a renewed, energetic fight against the Michigan persecution and for the rebuilding of the Workers (Communist) Party.

It is apparent that the capitalist class, which is behind the prosecution in the Michigan case, as has been definitely established, has the open statement at St. Joseph that the money for the prosecution has come from capitalist sources, seen in the Michigan case the opportunity to cripple the Communist movement in this country.

There are involved in this case 11 of the most active workers for Communism in the United States. If the capitalist class can remove these 11 active workers from our party it will mean at least temporarily a setback for our movement. Eventually the party would triumph even over such a successful attack, but for a time at least our work would be greatly handicapped.

Victory Ours Thus Far.

Thus far the victory in the Michigan case is on our side. The best that the capitalist class has been able to do to two years and five months after the raid on the Communist convention at Birmingham is to put me in prison for three weeks. It has only one conviction to its credit.

The situation stands thus because of the fight which was made against the Michigan persecution during 1922 and part of 1923. The work of the Labor Defense Council was one of the major achievements of our party. Then, around the labor movement, thus rallying all the militant forces in this country to the support of the Communist movement, we made a defense which halted the attack upon our organization.

The building of united front organizations under the auspices of the Labor Defense Council must go forward again and a mass movement developed against the new persecutions. The collection of funds must be undertaken with the same enthusiasm and energy that brought the great results for us in the early days of the Michigan cases.

We must make the persecutions as difficult for the capitalist class as possible. The stronger the movement against it, the greater the possibility of stopping it.

Build the Party.

While we undertake this work of defense, we must not overlook our fundamental task in connection with the persecution and the party work generally. Our strongest defense against persecution, against all attacks by our capitalist enemies, is through building our party. The greater our party, in numbers, organizational efficiency and fighting spirit, the less the danger to our movement from the attack of its enemies. We have not always taken advantage of our opportunities to increase the membership, and the fighting spirit of our movement. The Michigan attack on us is a call to us to throw ourselves into this work with new enthusiasm.

Comrades! Let us make a Communist answer to the attack upon the Communist Party. Let us throw ourselves into all the work of our party with renewed energy and enthusiasm and build the militant fighting Communist Party of America, the Workers Party.

The affirmation of the conviction in my case by the supreme court of the state of Michigan has given new impetus to the efforts to railroad the other defendants to prison. Evidently the prosecution believes that with this decision to its credit a trial and conviction will mean immediate imprisonment of the defendants brought to trial since the Michigan supreme court must be appealed to before the constitutional question can be raised in the United States supreme court.

This danger to the comrades who are threatened with immediate trial will arouse every unit of the party to a new effort to halt the second attack against our movement as we were successful in halting the first attack.

OFFICIALS OF U. M. W. COUNT THEMSELVES IN

Win by Fraud, Declares T. U. E. L. Leader

(Special to The Daily Worker)

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—All international officers of the United Mine Workers of America were reelected for a term of two years at the December election. It was announced at the union's headquarters here today, following final tabulation of returns.

John L. Lewis, president; Philip Murray, vice president, and William Green, secretary-treasurer, were to start their new terms of office April 1. Thomas, formerly appointed successor to Green when the latter became president of the American Federation of Labor, will serve Green's two-year term.

Jack Johnstone, assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, in an interview to the DAILY WORKER with reference to the official report of the reelection of John L. Lewis and his reactionary machine said:

"Had the votes cast in the recent elections for officials of the United Mine Workers of America been properly counted, the slate of the progressive miners' committee would have been swept into office."

"In order to rob the progressives of their victory in the left wing movement as their candidates, Lewis took care that such veterans as Alexander Hewitt, Jim McLachlan, Duncan MacDonald and Tom Myerscough were expelled from the union so that their names could not appear on the slate as candidates for election."

Revised On Ballot.

"The entire progressive slate was ruled out of the ballot in Districts 13 and 14 and another district progressive candidates were barred from running for no reason whatever except that they refused to bow to the machine."

"The use of fraudulent ballots and the vote of shyster locals were tricks used by the reactionaries to win. The progressives in southern Illinois discovered 500 fake ballots, were printed by the reactionaries. Over fifty candidates were ruled out of the ballot in Kansas alone."

"In spite of all these obstacles the work of the Progressive Miners' Committee was so effective and the opposition inside the United Mine Workers of America so strong that had the votes been counted honestly, Lewis and his gang would have to openly take their positions behind the desks of the coal operators whom they are now serving."

"The Progressive Miners' Committee which has done such splendid work in the last elections has only begun to fight. Grave issues confront the miners. The open shop coal operators are daily widening the scope of their operations. Attacks are being made on the wage and working conditions of the employed miners. The condition of the unemployed is growing more critical. The Progressive Miners' Committee has the task of organizing the militant miners to take the leadership of the union out of the hands of the fakers who now manage it as an auxiliary of the coal operators. They must do this because only when the union is under the control and direction of progressive leadership will it become an effective fighting instrument against the bosses."

Classes.

A. B. C. of Communism, every Tuesday night. I. Starnier, instructor, 1347 Boston Road. Every comrade who has not had a thorough training in Marxist economics, should take this course.

English, Elementary, Monday night, 611 E. 173rd St.

English Advanced, Saturday afternoon, 2-4, 611 E. 173rd St.; Ely Jacobson, instructor.

Lectures.

Lectures every Sunday night at 1347 Boston Road, 8 p. m.

Section Vetcherika, concert and ball, Feb. 28, for purpose of raising funds for library.

HAS IT EVER OCCURRED TO YOU?

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Has it ever occurred to you that hundreds of thousands of revolutionary workers and peasants are in the capitalist prisons of Europe?

Do you know that their only CRIME is having fought for the interests of the working classes of their country?

Do you know that these revolutionaries are suffering the torments of hell because they refuse to give up their revolutionary ideas?

Do you know that they are brutally beaten and maltreated, the hope of the workers of these capitalist dungeons being that they will be able to break down the fighting morale of these comrades?

Do you know that they are deprived of all contact with the outside world, not even getting papers or literature?

Do you know that they are starved in these prisons, being given food that an animal cannot live on?

Do you know that there are 3,000 of these revolutionaries in the German prisons?

Do you know that 4,000 are languishing in the prisons of Poland, 5,000 in Bulgaria, 4,000 in Italy, 1,500 in Roumania, 1,500 in Estonia, 2,000 in Spain, 1,200 in Finland, 500 in Lithuania, hundreds in Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Greece, Turkey?

Do you know that there are 25,000 revolutionary workers and peasants in the vile dungeons of India, 5,000 in Java, thousands in Korea, China and Japan?

Do you know that in Palestine and Egypt, the world imperialists think they can crush the revolutionary movement by imprisoning the best revolutionaries?

Do you know that tens of thousands of the best proletarian fighters have been murdered inside and outside the prisons for battling for the working class?

Do you know that the families of these revolutionaries are being persecuted, being unable to get any work and thus are left to starve?

Do you know that in many countries of Europe it is a crime to take aid of a revolutionary relief organization, the recipient of the aid being sent to prison also?

Do you know that the children of these fighters are suffering and starving?

Do you know that in the United States the best revolutionaries are facing long sentences in the capitalist prisons?

Do you know that the imprisonment of Comrade Ruthenberg, secretary of the Workers Party, to 3 to 10 years in the state of Michigan; the coming trial of Comrade Minor; the arrest of Comrade John L. Lewis, editor of the Uj Bior, the Hungarian labor paper; the arrest for deportation of Comrade Emanuel Viltaver, editor of the Czechoslovakian labor paper; and the deportation warrants hanging over the heads of hundreds of workers in this country for their militant work in the labor movement—all mean the beginning of a brutal offensive of the employers and the capitalist government against the workers of this country?

Do you know that the defense of the Michigan and the other cases depends on what you, the labor organizations and the sympathizers with our movement do?

Do you know that the prisoners in the bastilles of Europe and Asia and their families look to the workers of the United States for help?

Did it ever occur to you that you may not be doing your share in this work?

But you can do so by lending FULL co-operation to the Joint Bazaar, arranged by the International Workers' Aid and the Labor Defense Council, which will take place at the Lyceum 86th St. and 3rd Ave., from Feb. 11 to 14.

The revolutionaries in the capitalist prisons of Europe and Asia and the revolutionaries before the capitalist courts of the United States DEMAND your help.

DO YOUR PART. Get your trade union and fraternal organization to contribute, buy tickets, donate articles and so forth. DO YOUR PART.

MAYOR REMOVES FIRE CHIEF FOR PALM BEACHING

Fails to Be Present at Promotion Meeting

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 28.—Palm Beaching by New York officials received the nearest thing to a death blow last night when Mayor Hylan huffily removed Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan for absentee fire-fighting at the famous Florida bath tank.

To direct the assault on a New York fire in some tenement where women and children burn to death from the southernmost peninsula in the United States has been the sport of the fire commissioner for some time, but has made no inroads on the business-like temper of the mayor until the time came for a set of promotions in the corps of fire extinguishers. That was an event that could not be neglected by the commissioner, the mayor asserted.

Failing to be present and make the necessary promotions of fifteen firemen to the rank of lieutenants, drew fire from the mayor and he removed the said Drennan and appointed in his stead J. M. Hannon, who, before midnight, made the called-for promotions.

Political circles are rife with gossip as to the possibility if not the probability of the removal of the mayor himself by the governor if the mayor should continue his practice of mayorizing the city of New York from the millionaire infested winter resort of the south, and the fear has spread to the snow shovellers who stand a good chance to be discharged if they attempt to shovel New York snow while hobnobbing with the aristocracy of Palm Beach.

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When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

COMMUNISTS IN ILLINOIS DRIVE ON CHILD LABOR

Manufacturers Boast of Slavery for Children

The Young Workers League and the Workers (Communist) Party have taken the lead in demanding that the Illinois legislature abolish child labor and that children of workers be maintained by the government while attending school.

They demand that the funds for maintaining the youth while being educated be obtained by taxing the large incomes of the rich of Chicago and Illinois.

The special Child Labor Edition of the Young Worker is being distributed by the thousands of copies throughout Illinois. Speakers are being routed by the Young Workers' League to tell unions and sympathetic bodies of the program proposed by the league to fight child labor and the exploitation of the young workers of Illinois.

League Leads Fight.

The Young Workers' League calls for the establishment of permanent child labor committees, with representatives from youth organizations, labor unions, and working class fraternal organizations, as well as poor farmer organizations.

The employers are marshalling their forces to protect their supply of child labor in Illinois and are making a drive to influence the vote of the Illinois legislators against ratification of the child labor amendment.

The fight for the ratification of the child labor amendment was brought to Chicago yesterday when Owen Lovejoy, secretary of the National

U. S. SENATE VOTES TO CONTINUE BLOODY DOLLAR RULE IN HAITI

(By The Federated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Withdrawal of American military forces from Haiti, where they have maintained a dictatorship of armed force since 1915, was defeated without a record vote by the senate.

Senator Odell of Nevada attempted the customary eulogy of the marine's regime in the Negro republic, but Senator King replied with a scathing denunciation of the killing of thousands of patriotic Haitians by the marines under conditions of combat which left the Haitians absolutely at the mercy of the conquerors.

King asked how Latin America would ever have faith in the friendly pretensions of our state department, when before their eyes was so imprudent a demonstration of the fruits of imperialism. Because the Haitians are predominantly of African blood, the southern democrats in the senate are indifferent to their fate. These southern democrats remember, too, that William Jennings Bryan and Joseph Daniels were the cabinet officers who ordered the marines to take possession of Haiti.

Armenians to be Militant.

The Armenian branch of the Workers Party at its meeting Sunday night went on record as pledged to pay \$30 on February 8 to buy policies to insure the DAILY WORKER for 1925, according to report of the secretary, A. Chuchian.

The branch expressed deep regret at its inability to help out sooner. But they mean to be militant, nonetheless, and will soon have their name removed from the list of those who have not aided in the insurance drive.

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NEW YORK BUILDERS' CORNER

Conducted by KATTERFELD.

FIRST OVER THE TOP IN DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN.

The first New York branch to turn in its full quota is the Scandinavian South Brooklyn branch. This branch of fifteen members had bought \$22,000 worth of insurance policies before and paid in \$30.00 at the general membership meeting Friday night, making a total of \$52.00 on a quota of \$45.00. The hustling DAILY WORKER agent of this branch, Comrade C. O. Petersen, says that they have only just started, and promises to sell at least another fifty dollar book of policies to non-members. What this branch has done, the others can do and WILL.

HARLEM ENGLISH GOING STRONG.

The Harlem English branch, under the inspiring leadership of Comrade Hirschman, electrified the general membership meeting by reporting an additional \$108.00 worth of policies sold, making a total of \$336.00 to date, or about \$4.50 per member. This is the best average of any branch in the city. If there is any better in the United States we want to hear it, as the Harlem English branch is determined to beat it. Comrade Mins of this branch has sold his second book of policies and is now working on the third. Says he isn't near there yet.

A PRETTY FOOT RACE.

The Downtown English and West Side English branches are having a pretty little race all of their own. According to the report made at the general membership meeting the Downtown branch of 65 members had paid \$143.00 and the West Side branch of 60 members \$144.00. Which will be ahead at the next lap?

SPEAKERS:

Dunne Ruthenberg
Olgin Gitlow Stachel
Russian and Oriental Speakers.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING

Sun. Afternoon, Feb. 1
at 2 P. M.

Madison Square Garden

FULL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
FREIHEIT CHORUS—400 VOICES
Admission 50 Cents
TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL WORKERS PARTY HEADQUARTERS

ALL LABOR MUST RALLY TO MICH. FIGHT OF REDS

All Workers Threatened
C. E. Ruthenberg Says

The charges against the Communists in Michigan constitute a threat against the entire labor movement, C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, told the DAILY WORKER yesterday.

Ruthenberg called on all labor organizations to rally with the Communists in a united front against the establishment of the "crime" of "assembling with" other persons.

The prosecution of the Communists arrested in Michigan is endeavoring to attack labor by trying to establish the principle that groups of workers have no right to assemble or strike against the employing class, Ruthenberg declared.

Workers Must Fight.

"The fight which the Communists are making against the prosecution in the state of Michigan is one which is of importance to the entire labor movement of the United States," says Ruthenberg.

"If the principle which the prosecution is endeavoring to establish in the Michigan case and which it has been successful in establishing in the state of Michigan is upheld by the supreme court of the United States, it will lay the basis for future attacks upon any labor organization or any other workers' organization which carries on a militant struggle against the employing class. Industrially thru strikes or upon the political field," he continued.

"The only charge made against the Communists is that the individuals indicted 'assembled with' an organization which the state of Michigan claims violates the state criminal syndicalist act.

Charges Against Communists. "The Communists are not charged with saying anything, writing anything, or doing anything in the state of Michigan except 'assembling' there. The criminal syndicalist acts of the state of Michigan as well as of some seventeen other states are so drawn that a labor union carrying on a strike and making demands upon the employing class can very easily be declared an organization violating the criminal syndicalist acts.

"If the supreme court of the United States upholds the Michigan decision and establishes the new 'crime' that 'assembling with' is punishable by ten years in prison and \$10,000 fine, we may be sure that in the future these laws will be used to prevent the mere assembling of groups of workers who are carrying on strikes against the employing class.

"Today the Communists are singled out for the application of this law. But if the principle can be established, the next step will be to apply the law to other workers' organizations as a means of destroying all efforts of the workers to achieve a higher standard of life for themselves.

"It is because the establishment of the 'crime' charged against the Communists in Michigan is a threat against the whole labor movement of the United States that the Communists are calling upon labor unions and other labor organizations to unite with them by forming branches of the Labor Defense Council for the purpose of continuing the fight against the establishment of this new 'crime' thru widespread agitation and protest by labor.

"It is only if the workers rally to these united front Labor Defense Councils and carry on a militant struggle against the Michigan prosecution that the labor movement of the United States can be protected against the attack which capitalism is making under the guise of prosecution of the Communists."

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.



Juniors Will Lead.

On Saturday those of us who stood out on the lake front here in Chicago shivering in the morning frost were treated to a disappointment. The sky was dark and covered with clouds and we could see not even a shadow of an eclipse.

The interesting feature about the little group that stood there in hopes that the clouds would lift was the number of children who went there early Saturday morning and were there watching in spite of the early hour, in spite of the biting frost.

Children predominated. Children lead. And so with the idea in our Comrade Sol Fishman's

RED BAITERS RAISE NUMBER OF RADICALS, LEGISLATOR WARNS

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Alarmed at the rapid spread of Communism in America the red baiters are fumbling around for the cause of it and have decided that there must be a change of tactics in order to save the country from going Bolshevik.

Radical and religious intolerance are the underlying causes of the rapid spread of radicalism, declared Joseph Levenson, republican leader of the first assembly district, speaking yesterday at a meeting of the Kansas women's club at the home of Mrs. Zimmerly Bryan, 218 West 50th street. "The animosity against foreigners dates back to the revolution," said Mr. Levenson, "when Irish Roman Catholics were bitterly attacked. We are now experiencing the results of this attitude. The foreign born resent the attitude toward them, and are ready to embrace any party which promises better treatment."

LOVEJOY MAKES WEAK ANTI-CHILD LABOR SPEECH

And Compliments Ill. Manufacturers

Owen R. Lovejoy, one time socialist and now secretary of the national child labor committee, made an apology for the proposed child labor amendment which is soon to be taken up for ratification by the Illinois legislature, at a luncheon given yesterday by the city club of Chicago.

Lovejoy did not make a direct attack on the manufacturers of Illinois, who admit that they are employing thousands of children. He assumed in his speech that the Illinois child labor laws are adequate. Lovejoy pleaded for ratification of the amendment not on the ground that child labor should be abolished, but that the proposed child labor amendment is so mild it will not harm the manufacturers.

Many business men and manufacturers in the audience have been actively fighting against abolition of child labor in Illinois, and yet Lovejoy assumed that he did not need to go against their interests. Lovejoy assumed that the manufacturers are against child labor, and claimed that "no profit can be made by the manufacturers from child labor."

The states which have rejected ratification of the federal child labor amendment are also opposed to state child labor laws, Lovejoy said, and "states rights" does not enter into the problem. He said that in Massachusetts the referendum defeated the child labor amendment because all sorts of lies were spread about what the amendment would mean. Rumors were spread, he declared, that even bed-making would be prohibited child labor under 15 years of age if the amendment were to pass.

But Lovejoy failed to point out that it was the textile mill owners who spread the propaganda which defeated the amendment in Massachusetts, and it was because they were afraid of losing their cheap labor supply that they opposed child labor. Lovejoy did not bring out the fact that child labor is a natural and inevitable accompaniment of the profit system, and that as long as the industries are run for profit, adult and child labor will be exploited by the employers.

Lovejoy apologized for Victor Berg's vote in congress for the child labor amendment, and told the manufacturers and business men present that congress is "safe" enough to be trusted, and "will not go too far."

Lovejoy said that "all the child labor committee wishes to do is to prohibit factory work for children under 14 years of age, and the limiting of the work of those 16 to 18 years of age to eight hours per day."

EXPERTS ADVISE SCHOOL BOARD ON CUTTING WAGES

Finance Committee Acts on Recommendation

The finance committee of the board of education heard a recommendation by the Griffenhagen Accountants company for the adjustment of wages of board of education employees for the 1925 budget.

The recommendation showed how nearly \$100,000 could be saved by eliminating jobs and that \$25,000 could be saved in reducing the staff of senior clerks. One senior clerk could direct a large number of junior clerks (unskilled labor). They estimated that the board could in this way drop 298 civil service employees from the school board.

Wherever the Griffenhagen Accountants walk in it consistently follow that hundreds of employees get a blue slip in their envelopes. They are called efficiency engineers. Their job is to teach bosses how to reduce the cost of management. Their game is showing how to get more work out of unskilled labor by reducing the process of production into small movements mechanically performed under the supervision of a driving and directing force. They name this little game "reclassifying of employees." They claim to safeguard the firm against the creation of positions for the purpose of raising salaries of favorites. What they do is eliminate higher paid employees, introducing team work and reduce wages.

The recommendation submitted to the finance committee was that two committees be appointed, one for the teaching positions and one for the non-teaching positions.

The finance committee took action upon the recommendation by appointment of a classification officer to work with the committee for the installment of the system beginning with the 1925 budget.

Mrs. Lillian Hefferan, one of the trustees of the board and a member of the finance committee, said that this recommendation would not affect the teachers as the superintendent had full control of their positions, but a committee for the teaching staff will be appointed to sit in on this committee with a view to suggestions.

Will Not Drop the Child Labor Fight A. F. of L. Announces

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Sponsors of the constitutional amendment prohibiting child labor asserted today that the apparent failure of the amendment, thru its rejection by one-fourth of the states, would not result in their abandonment of the fight for its adoption.

The fight can and will, they said, be carried on by campaigns in the rejecting states, much after the manner that the eighteenth and nineteenth amendments were put thru state legislatures.

The legislatures that have rejected the amendment can reconsider their action at any time in the future. Constitutional amendments remain pending for years, and time and circumstances may change the complexion of a legislature.

Federation Will Fight On. The American Federation of Labor stated at its headquarters that there could be no change in the federation's plans, in furtherance of the amendment.

Many Amendments to Moses Postal Pay Bill Up in Senate

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—The Moses bill increasing the pay of post office employees, and increasing postal rates on parcel post and other classes of mail, was further amended when the senate by a vote of 51 to 23 voted to retain the present postal rate on religious publications.

Further amendments were to be introduced today cutting the rates proposed by the Moses bill to be charged to newspapers and magazines. Senator George introduced such an amendment, in spite of the fact that Coolidge has declared he will veto the bill increasing the wages of postal employees, unless that part of the Moses bill increasing postal rates is also passed by the senate.

It seems certain that Coolidge will again prevent the postal workers from securing a rise in their exceedingly small wages.

Mexican Volcano Smokes. MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—Geologists acting under government instructions were investigating today the recent activity of the Volcano Popocatepetl to determine whether the village of Ixtlahuaca was in danger. The volcano is smoking heavily.

Storm Sweeps West Va. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 28.—The worst storm in years played havoc with telephone and transportation lines here today. Three trains were reported stranded at Hurricane, 25 miles west of here. Virtually all telegraph and long distance telephone lines were down.

CHILD LABORERS FIGHT ENSLAVEMENT UNDER Y. W. L. BANNER

The next issue of The Young Worker will be a special child labor edition and will contain a complete story of the progress of the child labor amendment in the various states throughout the country. It will also contain the complete program for the young workers in their fight against child labor and will show up the limitations of the child labor amendment.

The Young Workers League is leading the fight against child labor, and its Junior Section is organizing the child laborers themselves for the fight against child labor and advancing the demand of full maintenance of the children by the government.

Every worker will want a copy of this special edition of The Young Worker. Single copies and bundle orders can be obtained by writing to the Young Workers League, 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago.

JAMES LARKIN, IRISH LEADER, IS BANKRUPT

Like Movie He's Back Home An' Broke

DUBLIN, (By Mail).—James Larkin, formerly general secretary of the Irish Transport Workers' Union, was recently examined in the bankruptcy court. He was adjudged bankrupt on November 21, last, in respect of a debtor's summons for approximately \$5,000. The petitioning creditors are members of the Transport Workers' Union.

Larkin admitted during his examination that he had no income. The dual union which he set up as a rival to the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union has not prospered. He could not give any account of how much money passed thru his hands since April 1923.

He was not able to say how much money he received for his "sustaining fund" or thru the sale of bonds. His "documents" were missing. He admitted having brot \$10,000 from America. This money was raised in the United States for the relief of Belfast workers. He did not say how the money was expended. Larkin's cash account was only about ten dollars he said.

Small Throws Sop To Union Labor in State Legislature

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 28.—A sop was thrown to organized labor in the Illinois legislature now meeting here when William Sneed of Herrin, sub-district president of the Illinois Miners' Union, was made chairman of the committee on corporations in the state senate. The house also gave slight recognition to the organized labor movement when R. G. Sondstrom, a trade union assemblyman, was made chairman of the committee on public utilities.

Governor Len Small, however, controls both branches of the legislature, and if the pending child labor amendment to the federal constitution empowering congress to prohibit child labor is defeated, the defeat can be laid to Governor Small's political machine.

Kansas Bribe Scandal Spreads.

TOPEKA, Kans., Jan. 28.—Kansas' pardon and parole bribery scandal, started with the arrest of former governor, Jonathan M. Davis, and his son, Russell, a few hours before he relinquished office on Jan. 12, embraced another official of his administration when warrants were issued today against Davis and Carl J. Peterson resigned state banking commissioner. The informations were filed and the warrants issued at the instance of Governor Ben S. Paulen in instructions to Attorney General Charles B. Griffith.

Fight Diphtheria in Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 28.—A race with death will start here Saturday when one million antitoxin units will be dispatched by steamer to Seward, Alaska, there to be rushed by train and dog teams inland to Nome, in a fight against a diphtheria epidemic in that city, public health service officials here announced today.

Pays \$54,000,000 in Civil Pensions.

MELBOURNE, Australia.—The Australian federal government pays old-age and invalid pensions to 115,054 old persons and 43,617 invalids, a total of 158,671. The average fortnightly payment to old-age pensioners is \$3.04 and \$3.22 to invalids. The aggregate annual payment to both is approximately \$34,125,130.

Rail Workers Killed.

A switchman was killed and two other men were injured today when a Pennsylvania freight train crashed into a string of empty freight cars in the railroad yards of that railroad.

The Baroness Might Tell Abramovich How to Win Favors on the Gold Coast

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

TODAY, it might be well for the local supporters of Soviet hating Rafael Abramovich, who still lingers in our midst, to glance thru the pages of the Chicago Hearst sheet, the Herald-Examiner, and learn just what kind of audiences czarist agents coming to these shores should cater to.

The "socialist" allies of Abramovich made the mistake of thinking that America's workers wanted to listen to a counter-revolutionary agent of czarism. One of Abramovich's co-workers, the Baroness Olga Wrangel, who took her name from the General Wrangel who brought devastation and death into southern Soviet Russia, in an attempt to overthrow the rule of the workers and peasants, doesn't make that mistake. She only seeks an audience from among the "best people"; mostly the wives of big thieves, like bankers, industrialists and landlords. Abramovich should do the same. The gatherings would be very much smaller but exceedingly more peaceful.

The society editor would then write up Abramovich's speeches instead of the police reporters. "The Dowager," the non de plume assumed by the measurer of social values for the Hearst organ, declares that "Society's interest in Russia, stimulated by the charming personalities of those who have come from there to live here since the change in the country's politics, never seems to lessen."

So the Baroness Wrangel is to be given a royal welcome, as royal as can be given by the American nobocracy, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer, Feb. 5, on the Gold Coast. The Palmers are select Chicago aristocrats. The present Palmer is "capitalist" by birthright; while Mrs. Palmer is daughter of the millionaire, Herman H. Kohlsaat, also newspaper publisher. The Baroness could desire nothing better.

Palmer evidently got his viewpoint toward Soviet Russia from the brother of the baroness, Col. Ivanenko, who has been here for some time. He evidently shook the dust of Russia from his czarist boots while the shaking was good. Palmer and the colonel both belong to what is known as the exclusive Chicago Golf, Saddle and Cycle Club.

The Baroness will be asked to speak to an audience that will include the Cranes, machinery manufacturers; the McCormicks, farm implement manufacturers; the Chauncey McCormicks, of the same breed; the Stanley Fields, of a line of merchant princes; the Ryersons, financiers, and a lot of others too numerous to mention.

It is probably to the credit of the baroness that she is able to drum up an audience. Most of the local parasites usually spend this time of the year sunning themselves along the warm beaches in Florida. Some of them have no doubt already been there while others are planning to go. Abramovich had therefore better drop in while the possibilities of an audience on the Gold Coast hold good. The worst he would be subjected to would be some inane ogling thru jeweled lorgnettes. But Hillquit, Cahan and other New York "socialists" could no doubt give him a schooling on how to behave on such occasions. They have had experience along the Riverside Drive of the metropolis and should know.

But Abramovich will not go on Fifth Avenue or Riverside Drive, in New York, or the Gold Coast, in Chicago. He is valueless there to his masters. His only value to the ruling class consists in his ability to poison the minds of militant workers against Soviet Russia. That is why his agents sought out working class districts, and these only, like the labor centers in New York City at the New Star Casino, in Harlem; the Labor Lyceum, in Bolshevik Brownsville, and Hunt's Point Place, in the Bronx, all proletarian sections of the nation's metropolis. But Harlem, Brownsville and the Bronx have all rejected this counter-revolutionary agent. It was one, two, three, a clean score for the class integrity of the militant elements of New York's workers. Abramovich ought to consider it not only "down," but "out." Otherwise the workers will no doubt be ready to renew their invitation to him to "Get out!"

A WORKERS' ART EXHIBITION

AN unusual experiment is represented in the art exhibition just opened by Painters' Local Union No. 194 of Chicago. It promises to be successful indeed. The exhibitors are all plain workers, members of the local union men—whose skill has become art. This exhibition compares favorably with any other to which the name art is being attached, even those which enjoy the backing of the well-to-do benefactors who exploit such events to prove their own philanthropy and incidentally satisfy their highly cultivated desires for luxury. Such affairs are generally limited to the exclusive set—the "better class" in society and what is lacking in art is made up thru generous and high priced commendable advertisement in the press.

That the workers produce everything worth while in present day society is being vividly demonstrated by this exhibition by Local 194. A fact that received as little recognition as the exhibitors themselves have received heretofore. The pictures collected over a wide range of landscape portraying the bounties of nature in brilliant colors presented either thru the rugged but imposing Norwegian mountain scenery or the little smiling plots from Chicago parks or forest preserves. There are studies of interior settings and portraits. The motives are too numerous to mention, the executions are in many instances of a high artistic calibre.

Little or nothing is being done by present day society to promote the skill of workmen, except insofar as profits can thereby be increased. Modern industrial requirements gradually eliminates skill and makes of the workers essential parts of one titanic machine constantly grinding out profits. Moreover, in their efforts to destroy every vestige of labor organization, the only means of protection the workers have, the owners of industry are at all times willing to accept a lower quality of workmanship to hire scabs to destroy the unions. To prove the superior workmanship of union labor is one of the underlying motives for this exhibition arranged by Local 194. And also it has succeeded in this object, the exhibition itself powerfully suggests the need of the workers preparing themselves for the struggle to take over all the instruments of production before skill and workmanship, artistic and otherwise, can really become a means of making life more beautiful.

Youth Goes to Prison.

Twenty-six young men, ranging in age from 18 to 24, left Chicago today for indefinite stays in the reformatory at Pontiac. They constituted the grist of the criminal courts of Chicago for just a week and a half, and were convicted variously of almost every crime except murder.

THE MORTGAGE ON GERMANY

THE National City company is today offering \$10,000,000 worth of bonds of the Allgemeine Elektrische Gesellschaft at \$93.75 and bearing 7.70 per cent interest and refunded at \$105.00.

At the same time Dillon, Read & Co. are offering \$10,000,000 credit to the Siemens group, another German company manufacturing electrical supplies, secured by an output amounting annually to 166 per cent of this loan. In this way the American electrical trust, the General Electric company, will have secured a stranglehold on the German electrical industry, thus colonizing and more thereby exploiting the workers in that industry.

SHOEWORKERS OF NEW YORK TALK AMALGAMATION

Educational Meeting Packs Big Hall

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 28.—That the workers must organize themselves as a class even as the bosses are organized as a class of exploiters was the subject of an address delivered to a packed hall of members of the Protective Shoe Workers' Union at their headquarters, 345 Washington street, by J. O. Bental, at the educational meeting held Monday night.

Why Amalgamation?

P. P. Cosgrove, organizer, introduced the speaker by showing that the Protective Shoe Workers' Union had for its object the complete amalgamation of the entire industry into one solid phalanx of workers to fight for their rights and to gain power over the present exploiting class. He pointed out that the shoe workers are among the most exploited in the entire country. That only yesterday one of the brothers had dropped dead at his last while working, the verdict of the doctor afterward being that he had been suffering from malnutrition, too weak to perform his task, bus hanging on in order to get bread for his wife and babies.

How Bosses Are Organized.

In the course of the address, Bental showed how the master class has many organizations, such as the rotary club, Kiwanis club, citizens' alliance, civic federation, local and commercial clubs, and all the smaller organizations both among the business men and among the well to do farmers, but that all these clubs are tied into the great central body of the capitalist class, the all-embracing chamber of commerce which is the great capitalist international.

"Not a strike can be pulled, not a wage adjusted or a grievance settled, not a town clerk in an obscure township elected, not a sheriff get into office, not a legislature chosen, not a governor or congressman, not a judge or a president placed in government, without the dictation and approval of the chamber of commerce," said the speaker. "Banking, business in every detail, politics in every phase, policies of international intercourse, tariffs, foreign loans, imperialistic expansion, education, religion, the press, peace and war, life and death—all is under the dictatorship of the chamber of commerce capitalist international."

Workers Are the Stronger.

The speaker complimented the capitalists on their shrewdness and wisdom in protecting themselves as a class, and showed that while the tremendous organization which has all the power thru army and navy and the whole system of armed force, that they would be weak and helpless in the face of an organized working class who joined hands for the purpose of dictatorship and their own industrial and governmental system.

The Protective Shoe Workers' Union is based on the industrial principle as all workers in the industry are eligible for membership. It is in the shoe industry what the United Mine Workers are in the mining industry. Every other week the meeting is devoted to a short session of business and the remainder to education. The membership is aggressive and wide awake under the leadership of their giant organizer, Brother Cosgrove.

Gannes to Talk About "Toiling Youth" at Meeting Friday Night

Harry Gannes, of the Young Workers League will speak on Friday, Jan. 30, at Room 608, 166 West Washington St. The subject of his topic will be "The Toiling Youth."

Gannes has made an extensive study of the conditions of the young workers in America, the extent of the exploitation of youth in America, the extent to which child labor is used by American capitalists. He has written several books on the subject and is now running a serial story in the Young Worker.

This meeting is arranged under the auspices of Area Branch No. 1 of the Young Workers League. Admission is free. Everyone is invited to this meeting. This is one of the regular propaganda meetings arranged by this branch every month.

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE DEMANDS THAT EXPLOITATION OF YOUTH AND CHILD LABOR BE ABOLISHED

The Young Workers League, American section of the Young Communist International, has issued a program for the fight against child labor.

The program issued by the league presents the demands of the militant working class youth of America that child labor shall cease.

The program demands equal wages for young and old workers, and full maintenance of all school children of workers and poor farmers by the government.

The anti-child labor program of the Young Workers League follows:

THE CHILD LABOR QUESTION is one that vitally concerns every young worker in the country both as a member of the working class and as an individual. Child labor means that hundreds of thousands of future proletarian fighters are being driven into slavery that will drain them of their strength for the coming struggle. **THE CAPITALIST STATE DENIES THE RIGHT OF PROLETARIAN CHILDREN TO HEALTH OR STRENGTH OR EDUCATION.** It looks upon the children of workers and poor farmers as a convenient supply of cheap labor, to be exploited to the utmost, and to be used as a means for forcing down the wages of adult workers. It wants to train these children as the wage-slaves and cannon fodder of the future, and likes to get its hands on them and break them into submission at as early an age as possible.

It is of no concern to the capitalist class if hundreds of thousands of its child slaves are sick and stunted and ignorant and crippled in body and mind. But we, who look upon the proletarian youth as the builders of the new society, must unite all our forces for the struggle against the degradation and enslavement of the children of the American workers.

Program on Child Labor

The congress last spring submitted to the states for ratification a twentieth amendment to the constitution which reads as follows:

Section 1.—The congress shall have power to limit, regulate and prohibit the labor of persons under eighteen years of age.

Section 2.—The power of the several states is unimpaired by this article except the operation of state laws shall be suspended to the extent necessary to give effect to legislation enacted by congress.

This amendment was passed in the house on April 26, 1924, by a vote of 297 to 69. It was passed in the senate on June 2, by a vote of 61 to 28. To adopt the amendment thirty states must ratify. In 1924, three state legislatures have acted, Arkansas, Wisconsin, California, Arizona, and several other states have ratified the amendment.

According to the statistics issued by the federal department of labor and the United States census bureau there are 1,060,000 children between the ages of 10 and 15 years at work in agricultural, manufacturing, and mining occupations. That this number does not represent the actual number of child slaves is admitted even by the department of labor which points out that no statistics were gathered on children under the age of 10, that the census (1920) was taken during January when many farm slaves go to school, and that no account was taken of employment like home industries.

Our Program

We demand the complete abolition of child labor and the substitution of the Communist vocational training (the work school), child labor being considered up to the age of 16. Our demand for the abolition of child labor and the institution of the work school differs from the demand for the abolition of child labor and the institution

of vocational education made by the Consumers' League, National Child Labor Committee and various reports by the Children's Bureau, U. S. department of labor, in that the latter have in mind the abolition of child labor because they represent the big machine industry which requires able workers in opposition to the interests of primitive industries such as cannery, cotton picking and the like. They see that the exhaustion of children during youth produces unsatisfactory adult wage slaves and also that wage earning power and satisfaction are increased with skill.

We demand the training of children so they may be better fitted for social life. Our fundamental demands, all the way put them forward for agitation and propaganda purposes cannot be realized in the framework of capitalist society. We must, therefore, carry on a campaign for the amelioration of the conditions of the child slaves, in the process of which the Young Workers' League, and the Junior League should participate together with the Workers' Party and gain more influence and numbers.

Our immediate demands must naturally be more drastic and fundamental than those advocated by the "enlightened" bourgeoisie and the conservative trade unions. On the following demands we can secure the adherence of the large masses since they are based on the joint needs of the adult and young workers of the country which all can feel:

1. Limitation of the young workers' day to a maximum of four hours with no overtime or night work, or labor in dangerous industries.
2. Equal wages for equal work for young and old.
3. Strict supervision of apprenticeship solely by the trade unions.
4. Organization of the children into the labor unions.
5. Compel the state legislature to immediately ratify the child labor amendment to the constitution.
6. Compel the state and federal legislatures to pass a law providing for full government maintenance of all school children of workers and poor farmers without which a child labor law is useless. The funds for this purpose to come from special taxes on high incomes.

The Campaign

We don't rely upon the lobbying of the legislative committees of the Congress; or upon the C. P. P. A. and LaFollette. We must organize the strength of the workers in a unit front to fight for these demands and get their support for the Young Workers' League and the Workers' Party. The campaign is divided as follows: Literature and press, publicity agitation for our demands and organization.

1. To issue joint call with Workers' Party for local unit front conferences to combat exploitation of child labor, these conferences to consist of organizations of workers and poor farmers.
2. Special efforts to be made to draw into these conferences organizations of working class youth, working class women's organizations and organizations of poor farmers.
3. A call for these conferences should be issued by the local organizations in conjunction with the Workers' Party including also sympathetic labor organizations.
4. The date of issuing call for the conferences will depend upon whether there has been sufficient agitation carried on in favor of such a campaign. We must guard against premature calling of such conferences.
5. The National Executive Committee must be kept informed regularly by weekly reports on the development of the campaign in each locality.

The Junior Groups

The Junior Groups must be drawn actively into this campaign. This offers the opportunity for them to gain membership, giving them also a greater proletarian orientation, by having them participate in this phase of the class struggle. In localities where child labor is employed, efforts must be made thru the distribution of the Young Comrade to establish connections with the children. Their organization into nuclei will then be possible and its realization will mean the carrying of our campaign by and among the children themselves.

Put Labor on Record

The resolution will be sent to each unit giving expression to our policy in this campaign, to be proposed to all labor unions. This resolution to be introduced when sufficient agitation has prepared the ground for such action.

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

OAKLAND BOSSES GIVE 'DINNER IN WOOD YARD'

The Mystery of 800 Vanished Jobless

(Special to The Daily Worker)

OAKLAND, Calif., Jan. 23.—The police department, the banks and the chamber of commerce are the targets of occasional letters from the unemployed, breathing the desperation of destitution.

"It is work we want and we are going to eat if we have to do it by stealing and killing those who have it," said an anonymous writer in a letter to Chief of Police James T. Drew. "It is a shame, as much as this world has, that people are going hungry."

A letter received by Chief Drew yesterday threatened destruction of the city by fire.

Dinner in a Woodyard.

The merchant's exchange gave a "dinner" to the unemployed last Sunday. And where do you think the unemployed were invited to luxuriate?

In the municipal wood yard! There were 750 workless and homeless workers present. The local capitalist press says that a similar affair was given one year ago and that 1,500 were present at that time. Meals only once a year may have caused mortality that could account for the difference.

Did 800 Starve to Death? Certainly it is wonderful endurance that the merchant's exchange must have expected from 1,500 unemployed if they thought the jobless could keep alive with a whole year between meals.

Capitalists Suppress Local Politician's Move to Recall Hoan

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 23.—An attempt by local politicians to initiate a move for the recall of Socialist Mayor Hoan is meeting with little success. It seems that local capitalists prove themselves good servants to the capitalist and the latter do not care to spend any money for the recall of Mayor Hoan.

The movement for recall started when Mayor Hoan appointed a socialist as the chief and disregarded seniority rights in the fire dept. The local politicians initiated a movement for recall but the whole thing is rapidly fading away since the socialists are no longer feared by the capitalists. During the last year the socialist party has rapidly declined in prestige and influence since the workers are more and more convinced that the socialist party is but another part of the capitalist class.

Parent-Teachers' Meeting at Pana. PANA, Ill., Jan. 23.—Springfield district parent-teachers' association of Illinois will hold its sixth annual convention here February 5. Mrs. T. M. Kibridge, president of the Illinois association and State Superintendent Francis G. Blair will make addresses.

Lengthen Aldermanic Terms. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 23.—Terms of alderman in Chicago, would be advanced from two to four years under provisions of a bill to be introduced in the upper house.

STAMPS MAY COME, AND STAMPS MAY GO; BUT DAILY WORKER'S LUCKY!

For lack of a nail, the shoe was lost; for lack of a shoe, the horse was lame; and the lame horse lost the race and the money was lost.

Doesn't one of Aesop's fables read something like that? At any rate, this didn't happen in the case of the nail in the DAILY WORKER insurance policy drive.

DAILY WORKER Builders never lose their nails; they always drive 'em home! One day there came to the DAILY WORKER office, a small, insignificant looking gray card. It was from the postmaster at Wilmington, Del., and it said, "There is a letter from you here. Send two cent stamp."

By return mail sent an insignificant looking envelope, with the stamp upside down. Within was a form letter, filled out as follows: Secretary, George Holgate, City, Edgemore, State, Delaware. The language of our branch is English. The number of members is 5. We enclose the sum of \$30.00.

And, sure enough, the money was not lost, and the race was won by two lengths. Just double their quota: that's what these five militants sent. Evidently, it's a capitalist that's lost his horseshoe; for the DAILY WORKER right now has all the luck!

Your Policy Must Be Buy a Policy

WHY CO-OPERATIVES WILL NEVER REMOVE THE SUFFERINGS OF THE FARMERS BEFORE A REVOLUTION

By ALFRED KNUTSON.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 23.—During the last decades numerous farm organizations have been started for the supposed purpose of assisting the farmers, economically and politically. Among such we have the American Farm Bureau Federation, the Farmers' Union, the Equity Co-operative Exchange, the Grange, the Producers' Alliance, the Nonpartisan League, and many others, as well as various local co-operative stores, elevators, creameries, lumber yards, etc.

Many farmers complain that their organizations do not succeed because the leaders are crooked and for the reasons that farmers cannot stick together. While there may be some truth in this assertion it is hardly the chief reason why farm organizations are not able to deliver the goods in a way satisfactory to the farmer and in materially improving his living conditions.

Co-operation Doesn't Remove Capitalism.

The main reason why they meet with failure or much limited success is to be found in the fact that they are operating within the framework of the private business system of capitalism which is absolutely hostile to mass co-operative enterprises, and this circumstance decidedly curtails their activities. From the very beginning they are viciously fought by private business.

A striking example of how the capitalist system prevents the success of co-operative efforts is to be found in the attempt of the non-partisan league in North Dakota to promote the state mill and elevator system at Grand Forks. First, it was a difficult job to raise the funds wherewith to construct this enterprise, and now that it is completed and in running order it meets with such hostility from the capitalist business world that no success can be looked for.

Any Serious Move is Crushed. Whether the state government of North Dakota is friendly towards this institution or not makes little difference, because, if it seriously threatens private profits, the economic and political power of the business, the railroads and the milling combine will surely find means of crushing it. So also with the Bank of North Dakota. It, too, will be fought to a

FIGHT CHILD LABOR IN ILLINOIS

(Continued from Page 1.) child labor committee, made the first of a series of speeches scheduled in Illinois at the Chicago city club. Meanwhile the Illinois manufacturers' association is spreading propaganda openly advocating the employment of children in the factories.

Employers Want Cheap Labor. In a statement recently issued, Eric E. Matchette, a manufacturer, has declared that children should not be taken out of industry, that they thrive on it.

"In all most every pamphlet I read I find the slogan 'Industry is never justified in thriving on the children,' said Matchette. "Let us grant this argument its full force but bear in mind that children are justified in thriving on industry. And industry should not be denied them."

Boasts of Child Slavery. George R. Meyer cord recently stated, "I am a large employer of labor not only in Illinois but in several other states. And many of our employees are under eighteen years of age." The manufacturer frankly opposes abolition of child labor because it will take his labor supply away from him and make him pay higher wages to adult workers.

John M. Glenn, editor of the Manufacturers' News, and leader of the Illinois manufacturers' association, has organized the manufacturers for a united assault on the state assembly at Springfield. Glenn urges the factory owners to bring pressure to bear on the legislature and force them to defeat the ratification of the proposed amendment empowering congress to regulate and prohibit child labor.

"We Our Own Law-Makers." "It is our duty," declared Glenn to the manufacturers, "to advise our state legislators as to our wishes in the matter, and it is their duty to carry out our wishes. They are not placed in the state capital to be kings over us, independent of our desires. They are there to represent us. We must advise them, by letter and telephone and word of mouth that it is our desire that the proposed amendment be rejected and stay rejected. And we must hold them, each state senator and state representative, personally accountable for their votes."

Glenn made it quite plain why the manufacturers are opposing ratification of the child labor amendment by the Illinois assembly when he said "The amendment is a union labor scheme being pushed for the purpose of reducing the number of employees in the factory on the farm and in commercial houses so as to make labor scarce and wages high. The Illinois manufacturers are fighting the move to abolish child labor because they want to keep wages low and cheap labor plentiful."

Ford Would Work Children. Henry Ford has joined the other employers who are trying to assure a cheap labor supply and has opened up the columns of his magazine, "The Dearborn Independent" to the manufacturers' propaganda in favor of child labor. In the Jan. 24 issue of the Dearborn Independent is an article "Is it a crime to make boys work?"

H. M. DAUGHERTY TRIES TO SPILL CAPITOL'S DIRT

Oily Harry Called As "Character Witness"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—United States Judge Walter Lindley refused this afternoon to let Harry M. Daugherty, formerly United States attorney general, testify at the conspiracy trial of Gaston B. Means, detective, and Thomas D. Elder, attorney, as to the real truth about some things that "ought to be told," about official Washington.

The court directed Daugherty, a defense witness, not to give testimony about immaterial matters after Daugherty had remarked that "There are some hell-bound and spell-bound people in Washington."

Means and Elder, accused of bribe taking in the Glass Casket company mail fraud, indictments, called Daugherty as a character witness. When the former attorney general was asked whether he could testify as to Elder's integrity he replied:

"If the court will let me take the liberty, I will state that I could not testify as to the integrity and honesty of any man, especially if he held a high government position. If he were a high public official, he would be all the more subject to attack."

"I could not testify as to my own reputation the minute I get away from this."

At another point Daugherty observed: "If the court will allow me to say this, I should be glad to testify to anything that would be for the general good of the public. There are some hell-bound and some spell-bound people in Washington. The real truth of some things ought to be told."

Asked what he could say about Means, Daugherty responded: "I knew Gaston Means like I knew hundreds of thousands of other government employees."

Means on a number of occasions was an investigator for the bureau of investigation of the department of justice. Daugherty said he had spoken only once to Means and that was upon entering the department building in Washington, when he said:

"How do you do?" "I dismissed him at one time," Daugherty said of Means. "At the request of William J. Burns I re-employed him in a certain matter."

Elder followed Daugherty and contradicted previous testimony regarding names, dates and letters in his files.

Anniversary of Ukrainian Paper. NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The celebration of the fifth anniversary of the Ukrainian Daily News will be held Feb. 1, at the Labor Home, 66 East 4th street, New York City.

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Letters sent to the New York Tribune by Karl Marx after his exile from Germany during the uprisings of 1848. These letters, collected and put into the present volume by his daughter, Eleanor, make a classic of historical analysis.

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This brilliant little work embodies one of the best applications of the theory of historic materialism. It is a study of the social and economic forces involved in the French political struggles, the high lights of which were the revolution of 1848 and the subsequent coup of "Napoleon the Little."

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Auspices, Workers Party of America, District No. 2.

TRAITORS BETRAY EACH OTHER IN SOCIALIST RANKS

Abramovich's Pals All Excel Each Other

By Max Bedacht

A report reaches here from Vienna that the executive committee of the Second International has appointed a grievance committee to sit in judgment about the fight between the social-democratic leaders of Hungary in emigration in Vienna since the fall of the Hungarian Soviet Republic, and the social-democratic leaders of Hungary in Hungary.

The emigrant group in Vienna feels that it is being mistreated. Its members were caught in the storm of the Hungarian revolution in 1919. The tide of the proletarian revolt had risen high. The social-democrats of Hungary felt that it was impossible to stem the tide. They would have been crushed in the attempt. So they decided to play the role of Judas within the movement.

Conspired With Bloody Horthy.

A working agreement was entered into with the Communists. But secretly the social-democrats conspired with the counter-revolutionary forces of Hungary, with the emissaries of allied capital and with the military leaders of Rumania, Poland and Czechoslovakia. Their treachery succeeded. The Soviets of Hungary were crushed.

The Hungarian social-democrats expected their reward. But their fate was different from that of their German prototypes. Victorious reaction in Hungary felt so strong that it did not need the services of the traitors. So the reward for their treacherous services was not a government position but a swift kick which landed these social-democrats in Vienna as emigrants dodging persecution by their erstwhile allies of the Hungarian revolution.

This was disappointment No. 1; but they were in for more.

In Vienna these social-democrats did not feel at home. They were on a foreign ground. Betraying workers in grand style is only possible when one has workers to betray. In Vienna that job was performed by the native social-democrats. No wonder, therefore, that these exiles longed to be back in Hungary.

Disappointment Number Two.

To get back they had to rely on their former social-democratic brother leaders who could remain in Hungary. But here disappointment hit them. The social-democrats of Hungary, instead of confining their betrayals to the workers of Hungary also betrayed their brother leaders in Vienna. They made an agreement with the Horthy government to support all its policies; and general amnesty did not happen to be one of Horthy's policies.

Traitors' Three Ring Circus

Now the traitors of Vienna appeal against the traitors of Budapest to the traitors of Amsterdam. And the grievance committee appointed by the executive committee of the Second International is the result. The committee is composed of Tom Shaw for England, Karl Kautsky for Germany, Otto Bauer for Austria, and De Broeker for Holland.

Since the stage is all set the comedy can begin. It will be one that would even astonish Machiavelli in his cynical deceptiveness.

RUSSIAN ART LINEN AND HAND EMBROIDERY AT DEFENSE BAZAAR

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A shipment of exquisite hand-woven linen and embroidery has been received from Soviet Russia for the joint bazaar. These articles from that "barbarous" country reveal the high stage of artistic talent which the Russian peasant has reached.

One must have seen the peasants in their homes where they weave this wonderful stuff and embroider it, to appreciate the love and enthusiasm that they put into every article—into every stitch. Old men and women, middle-aged men and women and even young girls turn the wheel and weave the cloth. And then the artful manner in which they apply the needle, and the beautiful colored thread that they pass thru the linen in most wonderful designs—all indicates the art that the Russian peasant possesses.

These linens comprise articles of great variety. There are bags, table-covers, napkins, sashes, blouses, center-pieces, etc. The prices will be far lower than those charged by the department stores.

These articles will be at the Russian booth of the joint bazaar, arranged by the International Workers' Aid and the Labor Defense Council, which takes place at the Lyceum, 86th St. and 3rd Ave., Feb. 11, 12, 13, 14. No lover of art, no one desirous of having these precious articles should fail to attend the bazaar. At the same time, he will be performing a splendid act of solidarity by helping along the cause of relief of the political prisoners and their families in Europe and of defense of the revolutionary workers before the capitalist courts of the United States.

HERE IS CHARACTERISTIC EXAMPLE OF SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC TREACHERY

(Extract from the treaty between the Horthy social-democrats and their government chief.)

The treaty does not contain anything which every socialist party of the world—if we disregard the Third International—would not have recognized or at least realized by its practical attitude. On the other hand, the treaty does not contain anything which would not have been the duty of every conservative bourgeois government; and a point of honor of the whole thing is that the treaty has been fully observed and that both parties have honestly fulfilled its provisions.

—Neues Pester Journal, Jan. 1, 1925.

THE social-democratic party is ready to declare that it will consider the general interests of the nation and of the country under present-day conditions and, after the experiences it has gained, as of equal importance to the interests of the working class; it must therefore fight and make sacrifices for the interests of the nation and of the country as well as for the working class.

The party will in its conduct aim at the above, and not only abstain from all propaganda injurious to the interests of Hungary, but on the contrary will carry on an active propaganda on behalf of Hungary; on the one hand, among the leaders of the foreign social-democratic parties, with the foreign governments, etc., and for this purpose will co-operate with the Hungarian foreign minister, and on the other hand, will break off all connections with the emigrants; this it does openly and takes up the fight against them abroad.

A. With Regard to Foreign Policy. The social-democratic party undertakes in all disputed foreign political questions concerning the nation as a whole, expressly to adopt the Magyar standpoint to the same extent as the German majority social-democrats and other moderate social-democrats always do, who, in questions of this kind, never adopt the standpoint of governments of hostile states.

It shall make use of its connections with the foreign moderate social-democratic circles to counteract the treacherous reports spread regarding terror in Hungary and to exert its influence in order that the foreign countries shall obtain a picture of Hungary which is in accordance with the facts.

In order that this end may be achieved, the social-democratic party will, before all, in its organ, *Nepessava*, adopt an impartial attitude and loyally express in this paper the collaboration with the bourgeois society which will result in these actions, finding an echo in the foreign press.

It will do its utmost to inform the foreign social-democratic press regarding this agreement, and especially undertakes that prominent party members shall publish articles regarding this treaty in the right wing labor press abroad, for example, in Germany, France, England, Switzerland, Sweden, Holland and the United States.

With regard to the obviously lying and malicious reports appearing in the foreign press, the *Nepessava* undertakes—when it is convinced of the untruth of the reports in question—upon the request of the press department of the foreign ministry, to contradict these reports.

B. With Regard to Home Policy. It considers the reconstruction of the country, which is also in the interests of the workers, to be of such importance that for this purpose it is disposed to co-operate with the bourgeois classes in the economic sphere to abstain unconditionally from political strikes, and to leave the solution of wages questions to that organization which is mentioned in the second clause of the 11th section of the present protocol. (Government intervention and arbitration court.)

In the sphere of home politics it breaks with the liberal bloc; it refuses to support the bourgeois democracy and the octobrist elements. In its opposition to the government it will only employ decent weapons and will not carry on a factious demagoguery. It will conduct no republican propaganda.

3. It takes note of the declaration of the prime minister, according to which the government interprets the item regarding the right of combination and assembly in such a manner that the social-democratic party shall not extend its agitation among the agricultural workers, as it did in the autumn of 1918 in the provinces.

The delegates of the Hungarian social-democratic party declare that they agree to the wishes expressed by the prime minister, both with regard to foreign and home policy and give assurance of fulfillment on their part. They will do this all the more as all these interests, which are bound up with the restoration of the good reputation of Hungary, with its inner consolidation and economic revival, are also the interests of the Hungarian social-democratic workers.

They nominate on their part a delegate who constantly maintains connections with the foreign ministry. With regard to the above interpretation by the prime minister of the right of combination and assembly, the delegates of the social-democratic working class declare that the social-democratic party is not in a position to forbid the union of agricultural workers to continue trade union activity in its existing organizations, but they take note of the declaration of the

KUSBAS PLANT IS WINNING, ADMITS ENGINEERING ARTICLE

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The by-product coking plant which the autonomous industrial colony in the Kuznets Basin (Kusbas) in Central Siberia is operating has aroused the attention of the American engineering world, as is shown by a display article in *Chemical and Metallurgical Engineering*. The article, prepared by N. L. Kishor, formerly shift superintendent and H. Kweit, formerly in charge of the laboratory at the coking plant deals with its unexampled difficulties of rigorous climate and lack of native skilled workers which it is overcoming. But success is coming with the installation of modern equipment.

Forecasting a great industrial future for this region, so late a near wilderness, the article ends: "And when one considers the tremendous reserves of coal and iron ore in the Kuznets Basin, he can have no doubt that the Kemerovo plant is only one of the greatest metallurgical and chemical centers of the world."

prime minister, according to which the government interprets the point regarding the right of combination and assembly in the sense that the social-democratic party does not extend its agitation to the agricultural workers, as it did in autumn, 1918, in the provinces. Finally, it undertakes to let these wishes and opinions adopted by its masses and organizations.

This protocol, after same was read in the presence of all parties, was confirmed in two original copies and certified. The one original copy is retained by his Hungarian majesty's prime minister, the other is handed over to the undersigned delegates of the Hungarian social-democratic working class.

Budapest, December 22, 1921.

Signed in behalf of the government: Stefan Bethlen, his Hungarian majesty's prime minister.

Kuno Klebelsberg, his Hungarian majesty's minister of the interior.

Paul Tomcsanyi, his Hungarian majesty's minister of justice.

Ludwig Hegyesalmi, his Hungarian majesty's minister of commerce.

Ferdinand Bernolák, his Hungarian majesty's minister of health.

Signed on behalf of the social-democratic working class:

Karl Peyer.

Frank Miklós.

Alexander Popper.

Dr. Zoltan Benes, secretary.

Burns Not Allowed To Mention Mellon In N. Y. Graft Trial

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—William J. Burns, testifying at the trial of Gaston B. Means, formerly his lieutenant in the department of justice, was not permitted to testify regarding a deficit in the republican campaign funds.

An objection of the government cut short Burns' answer to the question of Frank P. Walsh, lawyer for Col. Thomas Felder, partner of Harry Daugherty, former attorney general, when the government prosecutor raised an objection.

Burns was asked, "Was there ever a conference at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel at which Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, former Attorney General Daugherty, and you were present and at which the glass casket case was discussed?" When Burns was not permitted to answer Walsh asked, "Did you ever say there was a deficit in the republican campaign fund?"

Former witnesses had testified that Burns and Daugherty were bribed, along with Means, not to indict the stock promoters of the casket company. These witnesses had implicated Mellon, Daugherty and Burns. Daugherty will testify soon.

Tagore Returns to India.

ROME, Jan. 28.—Rabindranath Tagore, Indian author, has cancelled his Italian tour, it was learned today. He will embark for Venice for India.

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SOCIALISTS OF HUNGARY UNITE WITH FASCISTI

Sign Pact with Terror Rule of Horthy

(Continued from page 1)

and finally, that they only signed it in order to obtain an amnesty for some hundred political prisoners. So many words, so many lies. It can be proved by innumerable facts that the pact has been "honorably" fulfilled on the part of the social-democratic leaders. The official social-democratic party organ has up to the present written nothing regarding class war, it preached class harmony, and even in August, 1924, spoke of the consolidation of Hungary. For years even Garanyi and Buchinger, who belong to the extreme right wing of social democracy, were not addressed as comrades and refused to publish their declarations and even their denials.

One of the leaders of the name of Rothenstein wrote articles under his own name, in accordance with the treaty, in the foreign social-democratic press and Peyer and Miklós, who were parties to the treaty toured the whole world and proclaimed that not Horthy, but the revolution is the cause of all the sufferings of the proletariat.

In parliament the social-democratic fraction, even in 1923, voted along with Bethlen for the chief of the police who assisted in bringing about the shameful treaty. Twice they openly concluded civil peace and promoted the "restoration" which aimed at enslaving the proletariat and strengthening the counter-revolutionary apparatus. Peyer advocated in Bratislava (Pressburg), at a conference with the Czechoslovak government socialists and leaders of the emigrants, in the name of the Hungarian social-democratic party, the "unconditional" foreign loan for Bethlen. They throat economic strikes, and when in 1924 the printers spontaneously entered on a general strike on account of the confiscation of the *Nepessava*, the parliamentary fraction and the party central repudiated the printers and even the central organ.

Equally futile is the excuse that these scoundrels only concluded the pact because by so doing they obtained an amnesty for some hundreds of social-democrats. In paragraph six of the pact, the amnesty is limited to minor offenses which were committed between October 31, 1919 and March 21, 1919. On October 31, 1918, the bourgeois Karolyi government came into office, and March 21 is the date of the proclamation of the proletarian dictatorship. But during the Karolyi government it was not thousands, not even hundreds, but only a few dozen proletarians who were persecuted by the Horthy government on account of minor offenses. This amnesty could therefore in no way liberate hundreds from the dungeons of Horthy.

And even among these few dozens a very careful selection was made, as the pact provided that only those would be pardoned "who are not dangerous to the public safety."

On the other hand, the many thousands of social-democratic workers who honestly co-operated in the proletarian dictatorship, and were therefore threatened by the white terror, were excluded from the agreement. This fact is not altered by the clause of the pact which states: "The government is also inclined to propose from time to time to pardon all those who are recommended by the social-democratic working class, and who, up to the time of the meeting of the national assembly, have been condemned on account of creating disorders or infringements of the laws, if the minister of justice regards this justified by the circumstances." Every worker in Hungary knows that by this clause only a few are set free "from time to time" and not in any case hundreds.

But clause six of the pact which has been published only contains a part of the amnesty and does not contain the actual general amnesty of Christmas, 1921. This amnesty actually pardoned hundreds of counter-revolutionary murderers of proletarians who had acted out of "patriotic" grounds. Without the sham amnesty contained in the pact, Bethlen would never have ventured to grant a real amnesty for the murderers of the social-democrats Somogyi and Basco, for the murderers of Orgovany and Siofok. Thus, by their action, the Peyer bandits did not sanction the liberation of hundreds of proletarians but of hundreds of murderers of proletarians.

These are the naked facts regarding the pact, with the help of which the social-democratic betrayers of the proletariat were able to continue their shameful existence for another three years. But neither their pact nor their lies regarding the pact will be able to save them in the long run from the court of the revolutionary proletarian masses.

Capmakers Re-Affiliate. ST. LOUIS.—Renewed activity among the Cloth Hat and Cap Makers is noticeable since the adjustment of the jurisdictional dispute with the Hatters. St. Louis unions have affiliated with the central body.

Movies for Workers

"Beauty and the Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls" will be shown at the following places:

Chicago, Ashland Auditorium, Feb. 5.

Pittsburgh, Pa., N. S. Carnegie Music Hall, Feb. 7.

South Bend, Ind.—White Eagle Theater, 1125 W. Division St., Feb. 11.

St. Paul, Minn.—444 Rice St., Feb. 20.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Pabst Theater, March 7.

San Francisco, March 21.

TWO THOUSAND "PHILLY" WORKERS APPLAUD THE TEACHINGS OF LENIN

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 28.—Fully two thousand Philadelphia workers joined in the celebration of the Lenin Memorial meeting here which took place Saturday night at Lulu Temple. Every seat in the large hall was taken and many were forced to stand.

The unbounded enthusiasm and revolutionary spirit manifested by the mass gathering at which Olgin, Carlson, and Rebecca Grecht spoke is a clear indication that the workers here are prepared to follow the lead of that Communist movement of which Lenin was the founder and leader.

Pledge Selves to Leninism.

Comrade R. Baker, city secretary of the Workers Party was chairman of the meeting. His opening words, "That we come here not to mourn the loss of our beloved comrade and leader but to pledge ourselves to fight on for the selfsame cause to which he gave his life" met with stormy applause. Following this the International was sung by the audience. Then came some songs by the Freeheld Singing Society, whose rendition especially of the Funeral March of a Russian Revolutionist, was remarkable for its strength, depth and beauty. The International Orchestra also rendered a number of excellent selections during the course of the program.

People Mourned His Death.

Comrade Oliver Carlson, the first speaker, described the reaction of the poor and the rich in Finland to the news of Lenin's death (Carlson was passing thru that country on his way into Russia just at that time) and then he told about the pall of sorrow which hung over the whole of Russia during the next few weeks. He spoke of some of the work that Lenin had done, mentioning in particular the building of the Russian Communist Party and the Communist International.

"We can best show our respect and honor for Lenin and the ideas for which he fought," said Carlson, "by taking our place within the ranks of the American section of the Communist International—the Workers Party of America and the Young Workers' League."

"Movies" of Lenin.

Motion pictures of Lenin, the funeral procession, and the pilgrimage of the Young Leninists to the tomb of Lenin on the first of May were then presented. Following this came the presentation of a beautiful hand-made banner by the Young Workers' League of Philadelphia to the Workers' Party. This close spirit of co-operation between the youth and adult movement struck home upon the crowd as no speech could have done and brought forth an enthusiastic response from the audience.

Rebecca Grecht, in appealing for a collection on behalf of the Workers Party and the Labor Defense Council showed how necessary it was for the workers here to give full and complete support to the work that our party is doing and stressed the need at this time to raise funds for conducting a vigorous fight to keep out of jail all those of our comrades who were indicted in Michigan for criminal syndicalism.

Lenin Built Party.

Comrade Olgin, the last speaker was given a remarkable ovation. For almost three-quarters of an hour he spoke of the life and works of Lenin of the trials and joys and aspirations of the Russian workers and peasants of the long years of civil war and famine and economic blockade—and how thru all this Lenin had towered above all others, leading the way to a victorious Soviet government against the counter-revolutionists, against the interventionists, and against the famine. The red flag which now flies over the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will soon be waving over every country in the world. The length of time that elapses ere this takes place depends entirely upon ourselves. On to the social revolution under the banner of Leninism and the Communist International!—these were his concluding words. The International was sung once more and the meeting adjourned amidst thunderous applause.

A rousing demonstration which showed the revolutionary spirit of Philadelphia's workers.

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San Francisco, March 21.

'CAL' TRIES TO KILL THE POSTAL PAY RAISE BILL

Substitute Bill Buried Under Amendments

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—The Coolidge senators are trying to kill the bill proposing to raise the pay of postal employees, by introducing a flood of amendments. With only a month to go before the end of congress, Coolidge is trying to stave off a vote on the postal bill, and thus deprive the postal employees of their salary increase.

The Moses postal bill, which is a Coolidge substitute for the original pay raise bill, vetoed by Coolidge, was denounced in the senate today by Hiram Johnson of California. "It is a fraud and a sham," said Johnson. "Every senator knows that it is a debunking process and will not raise sufficient revenues to meet the costs of increased pay for postal employees."

Some of the amendments introduced were the Butler amendment, giving religious publication a preferential postal rate over daily newspapers. Senator Harrell also offered an amendment providing that all religious publications should enjoy preferential rate except those paying their editors a yearly salary of more than \$12,000.

The Moses bill increases the pay of postal employees, but also increases postal rates in such a way that many senators declare they cannot be put into effect.

Jessica Smith Talks At West Side Branch On Russian Progress

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Graphically describing the present conditions and the rapid progress the first workers' republic is making in industry and agriculture and education, Jessica Smith, recently returned from a stay of three years in Russia, drew volleys of applause from two hundred listeners gathered at the headquarters of the West Side branch of the Workers Party.

The lecturer described the improvement in the industries. She showed how the peasants are constantly increasing their crop area by adopting as fast as possible more modern methods and by introducing machinery shipped them by advanced countries.

Of the 126,000,000 farmers in Russia, the speaker said, only a small number have any conception of farm machinery such as is now generally used in America. At first they are sceptic, but on seeing the value of modern machinery learn marvelously fast to operate and to become expert at their new methods.

The vehicle of education of both common schools and at the universities, said the lecturer, was practical studies in agriculture and industry, so that when a student went out into real life he went into the field where his studies had already made him at home. Students are given a stipend on which they can live while at school. Thus the Soviet government is caring for the future expert managers and workers while they are preparing for their tasks in the big work of the country.

Theatrical Union Business Agent Shot in Gang War

George E. Browne, business agent for the Chicago Theatrical Union, Local No. 2, was led to a hospital by an unidentified man, with gun shot wounds. Browne was shot in connection with the gangland war which resulted in the shooting of John Torrio, the chief bootlegger of Chicago's underworld, police say.

The business agent was led to a hospital early yesterday by a young man who left him standing by the information desk. "I've been shot," Browne told the attendant. "Fix me up, will you?" Browne refused to give police information as to the cause of the shooting. He is being guarded by police.

Child Slavers Active in Missouri. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo.—Opposition to the child labor amendment is taking shape in the Missouri legislature. The Missouri State Federation of Labor is pitting its strength against the child slavers' lobby.

SMITH BILL TO SOOTHE FARMERS! PASSES THE BUCK IN EMPTY WORDS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The senate took its legislative step today toward enactment of the Smith bill, supposed to declare agriculture the basic industry of the nation, when it approved a conference report on the measure. This is one fake measure designed to soothe the raging farmers.

The bill authorizes the interstate commerce commission to review and revise the general structure of railroad rates and to give agricultural products, including livestock, the "lowest possible lawful rates," which doesn't mean anything but sounds "fair."

READ THE DAILY WORKER

"TO Overcome So Potent an Enemy (the Bourgeoisie) Is Possible Only Thru the Greatest Effort and by Dint of the Obligatory, Thoro, Careful, Attentive and Skillful Utilization of Every Breach, However Small, Between the Enemies."—LENIN. Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden, Sunday Afternoon, Feb. 1.

EZRA POUND WINS PRESIDENCY OF WIS. UNIVERSITY

Was Foe of Palmer's
Red Raids

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MADISON, Wis., Jan. 28.—Liberal ascendancy in the university of Wisconsin after the war years of reaction is signalled by the election of Roscoe Pound, dean of the Harvard law school, to the university presidency at Madison.
Pound was one of the 12 lawyers of national reputation who in 1920 called public attention to the illegal practices of the department of justice in its read raids under Mitchell Palmer.
"Under the guise of a campaign for the suppression of radical activity," said Pound and his associates, "the office of the attorney general, acting by its local agents throughout the country, and giving express instructions from Washington, has committed continued illegal acts. Wholesale arrests, both of aliens and citizens, have been made without warrant or any process of law; men and women have been jailed and held incommunicado without access of friends or counsel; homes have been entered without search warrants and property seized and removed; other property has been wantonly destroyed, working men and working women suspected of radical views have been shamefully abused and maltreated."

Spring's Invasion of Harlem to Be Met by Big Dance Festival

NEW YORK, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Saturday evening, March 21, is Harlem evening. Everything else must be set aside. The Harlem English branch of the Workers Party will hold a spring festival and dance on that evening. Hold that date open for the great event. Tourist parties to Harlem are welcome. Fair guides will be on hand. Anyone who has never been in Harlem before should not miss this opportunity. There is no place like Harlem. The races and nationalities of the world are well represented in Harlem and they will all be at the dance. The Chinese laundrymen will let their help off early that evening. The Negroes will be at the dance from the black belt. There will be Russians, Letts, Greeks, Hungarians and what not. Interpreters will be provided.
Those who can't dance can talk. A good talker is as good as a good dancer. And there is a whole lot to talk about nowadays even the lot party discussion is closed.
The sayest, the most colorful event of the year will take place Saturday evening, March 21, at the Harlem Casino, Lenox avenue and 116th street in the heart of Harlem.

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UP-TO-DATE DRESS ACCESSORIES.



4084. For your new suit, or to wear under your sports coat—here are two attractive sets. The collars may be finished and used separately. No. 1 is shown with satin and pailley silk combined. It could be of batiste or crepe, with embroidery or insertion. No. 2 shows dotted Swiss and faying. This is fine in linen with binding of organza or leather.
The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: Small, 14 inch; medium 16 inch and large 18 inch neck measure. To make No. 1 will require 1/2 yard of 32 inch material. No. 2 requires 1/2 yard. Cuffs and collar alone on No. 1 require 1/4 yard, with inside and outside sections and collar alone on No. 2 requires 1/4 yard.
Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 13c in silver or stamps.

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

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FINANCIAL WRITER CALLS ALL EUROPEANS, EXCEPT RUSS, "OUR BONDED SLAVES, SERFS"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 28.—That the Dawes plan upon Germany and the financial talons of American banks upon the rest of Europe have raised the United States to the position of the most powerful imperialism in history, is frankly admitted, and the whole population of Europe with the exception of Russia, called "America's bonded slaves"—such is the swaggering truth poured out by Edward Dinkin writing in a Wall Street magazine called Commerce and Finance.
Europe "Our Slave Colony."

Quite frankly he states that America is the ruler of the world—except Soviet Russia! That the hundreds of millions of European peoples are bond slaves, serfs, to American capitalist imperialism.
Only on one point does he deceive and distort: He claims that the wealth of gold or merchandise which will pour into America from Europe, will be used by "every one of us," and will benefit all the people of America.
Will Enrich Only the Rich.

Yet everyone knows that only the capitalist bankers and industrial overlords will become still richer, while the workers of America will become poorer and will be compelled, unless they join in an international overthrow of capitalism, to accept lower wages and worse conditions just because they will have to compete with driven "bond slaves of Europe." Dinkin's article, in part is as follows: "As the world slips into 1925, we have all become—every one of us—the owners of hundreds of millions of able-bodied serfs. We have a mortgage on the lives both of the living and the unborn in practically every nation of Europe except Russia. And "Our Merchandise Producers?" We shall have, if not gold pouring in, then its equivalent in merchandise. We can waste it, individually, in vain and effete living, as every great empire has finally wasted its resources in the past; or else, utilizing the modern invention called capitalism, we can make it in ways that will enable us to remake the whole human environment—to remold the entire world to the heart's desire.
"With money—and the labor of bonded slaves."

CHILD SLAVES BY THOUSANDS IN COTTON MILLS

S. C. Works Them From
Cradle to Grave

By JACK METTE
(Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

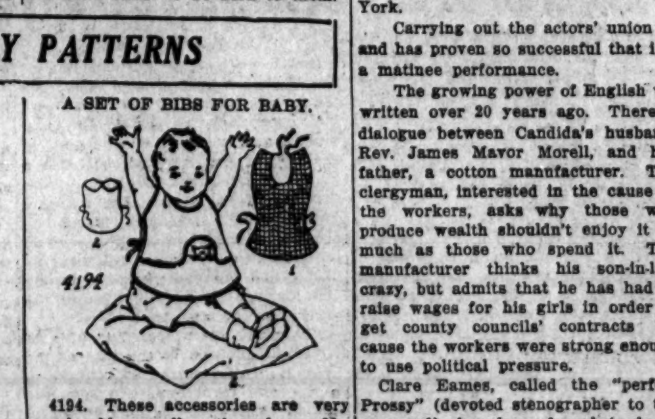
COLUMBIA, S. C.—South Carolina's legislature has voted millions of dollars for education in the same session that saw the federal child labor amendment rejected by unanimous vote. The state spends money on schools and teachers but herds thousands of its children into the cotton fields and mills.
Nearly \$10,000,000 was appropriated for state expenses, much of which went to education. The schools are in fine condition. Millions have been spent for roads on which children could go to school; but they are used instead to transport children into the factories.

A visit to some of South Carolina's large cotton mills, where children 10 and 12 years of age are employed, though claiming to be 14 shows the need of government regulation of child labor. In South Carolina, "the cotton mill state," the masses work from the cradle to the grave.

Explaining the new laws, Gustav Geiges, head of the local organization, said that excessive overtime exhausts the workers, impairing their health and lowering their efficiency. At the same time the general ban on overtime regulates competition among manufacturers.

Did Must Sweat For Baby.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—The California supreme court has decided, in the test case of Lloyd Swiggy, that pre-natal contracts relieving the father of the support of an unborn child are illegal and void. Swiggy and his wife signed an agreement exempting him of legal responsibility for the care of the child about to be born to them.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS
UP-TO-DATE DRESS ACCESSORIES.
A SET OF BIBS FOR BABY.



4194. These accessories are very serviceable, as all mothers know. No. 1 is illustrated in rubberized gingham, with blanket stitching for a finish. A binding of tape is also suitable.
No. 2 may be of rubber drill, terry cloth, linen or gingham. The pocket may be omitted.
The pattern is cut in one size. To make either style will require 1/4 yard of 36 inch material, this affords making the bibs in 3-ply.
Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 13c in silver or stamps.
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"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.
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DR. RASNICK
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Rendering Expert Dental Service for 20 Years.
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37th CENTER AVE., Over Arthur St.

LEGION BOASTS IT WILL CONTROL PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Civic Club Members Is
Told How Its Done

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Having obtained the rank of dictator to the American workers as to political opinions, and having lined up the capitalists in the matter of strikebreaking—and still having the friendliest terms with the American Federation of Labor—the American Legion considers itself called upon to direct the American schools.
Civic Club Entertains Legionists.
At the Civic Club on Jan. 24, Robert G. Paterson, commander of the New York county American Legion declared that the right of the American Legion to know what is going on in education is unquestioned. "As good citizens who came to the aid of the country when it needed us we are bound to be interested in education, without which there can be no government. In the war we learned that the greatest killing can be done with propaganda. Since the war, some propaganda has been most inimical to the best interests of the country. It has crept into places where it can do a great deal of harm. The American Legion believes in simon-pure, 100 per cent Americanism."

Capitalist Propaganda, Yes.
We agree with the commander that propaganda "has crept into places where it can do a great deal of harm." When this 100 per cent Americanism is taught to children, when enmity to the labor movement is instilled in their minds, when they are taught to hate the things that their fathers are struggling for, then it is doing a great deal of harm.

When the movies, the press, the school and the church are used to spread the vilest propaganda against the trade unions, against the unemployed, who are depicted as "lazy bums," we agree with the commander that the "greatest killing can be done with propaganda."

Workers of New York Will
Renew Pledge That The Spirit
Of Lenin Will Never Die

By JULIUS COOKIND.
(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Sunday, February 1, we workers of New York will gather in Madison Square Garden to pay our respects to the memory of our great leader who, the termed dead, remains with us in spirit.
The iron will of Lenin guided the Russian masses to victory over the bourgeoisie, and during the moments of the greatest danger to the revolution, that iron will inspired its defenders to renewed struggle and ultimate victory.

Inspired World's Workers.
With the same iron will, he inspired the revolutionary workers in all corners of the world to organize against capitalist oppression, imbuing them with his own determination to carry on—to the dictatorship of the proletariat; and when the human frame, sapped of its vitality by the assassin's poisoned bullet, crumpled and worn, left us, there yet remained instilled in our beings, the courage, the determination, the resolution, the iron will to conquer the world and its resources.

"Looney Gas" Still
Marketed for Profit
In New York State

ALBANY, N. Y.—The state health commission, after a long and bitter fight, has decided to allow the sale of "looney gas" in New York state, beginning March 1. Only the treated gasoline, not the "looney gas" itself may be sold.
Five workers were recently killed in the Standard Oil company plant at Bayway, N. J., while working with the gas and scientific opinion is divided as to the safety with which even as treated portions of it, mixed with gasoline, can be used.
Organized labor was active in securing the banning of such treated gasoline, following the Bayway disaster.

ACTORS' EQUITY ASSOCIATION PRODUCING PLAYS BY ITSELF WITH ALL-STAR UNION CAST

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The Actors' Theatre, successor to Equity Players, sponsored by Actors' Equity Association, is presenting a delightful revival of George Bernard Shaw's comedy "Candida" at the 48th Street Theatre, New York.

Carrying out the actors' union players' policy the production is all-star and has proven so successful that it has become a regular instead of merely a matinee performance.

The growing power of English workers is in the background of this play, written over 20 years ago. There are many good lines, especially in the dialogue between Candida's husband, Rev. James Mavor Morell, and her father, a cotton manufacturer. The clergyman, interested in the cause of the workers, asks why those who produce wealth shouldn't enjoy it as much as those who spend it. The manufacturer thinks his son-in-law crazy, but admits that he has had to raise wages for his girls in order to get county council contracts because the workers were strong enough to use political pressure.
Clare Eames, called the "perfect Proxy" (devoted stenographer to the reverend), has been forced to leave the cast by illness but Elizabeth Patterson plays the part with just the uncertain, shrill voice and wry humor (particularly after her first champagne party) it needs. Candida (Katherine Vornell) is glowing with sympathetic understanding. The curate is fussy and foolish as he should be and the young, superstitious peer who exaggerates all horror at the loveliness of the world is excellently portrayed by Richard Bird.

The Actors' Theatre's first production of the season, "The Habitual Husband," by Dana Burnett, was not well received by public and critics, although well acted. It did fulfill one of the aims of the actors' union group: "giving an important native writer his first production on Broadway." "Pierrot the Prodigal," French pantomime by Michel Carré, music by Andre Wormser, will be the next play of the Actors' Theatre, to be followed by "The Subway," of Elmer Rice, author of "The Adding Machine."

Ask Amnesty for 7,000 Political.
BERLIN.—On the first Sunday in January, 20,000 Berlin workers demonstrated for amnesty for the 7,000 political prisoners in German jails.



Every day under this head you will learn not only what BUILDERS throughout the country are doing to build a greater newspaper, but also practical suggestions to accomplish more for OUR paper. Tell us what YOU are doing—and we will "tell the world."

We Tell A Little Secret.

WE asked all our agents what they thought of a credit plan we initiated to make the work of sub-getting easier. They all liked it, and why shouldn't they? Most of them already had it in practice on their own responsibility. "Old stuff" they told us—and now read what Comrade Harvitt of Toledo, has to say:

"Your credit plan is on the same order as the plan I have been using for the entire past year.

"I anticipated exactly at the start about the difficulty I would experience and which I have experienced in approaching a person who was not acquainted very well with me and always extended credit to such people and others who asked."

"When I took the job as secretary of The DAILY WORKER committee to boost the paper and secure subscriptions, even before I was elected DAILY WORKER agent I started in on the credit plan at once. I had a little nest egg in a capitalist bank and drew out this egg which amounted to \$150 and I have turned this money over several times until it has furnished credit to the extent of \$520.00 without using the credit that was offered by the DAILY WORKER office.

"Some of this credit I carried 30 days, some 60 days and some 6 months before I was able to collect it. In quite a few instances I was not able to collect at all, however, my commissions covered my losses and my expenses attached to the office of DAILY WORKER agent such as carfare and other incidentals."

And in another letter Comrade Harvitt tells us he lost only two dollars during the year. It's easy to see our credit plan will be a great success. And now we are going to tell a little secret. We put the plan into operation simply because we learned that it already was a success—only now, we are taking the responsibility.

WORKERS OF NEW YORK WILL RENEW PLEDGE THAT THE SPIRIT OF LENIN WILL NEVER DIE

By JULIUS COOKIND.
(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Sunday, February 1, we workers of New York will gather in Madison Square Garden to pay our respects to the memory of our great leader who, the termed dead, remains with us in spirit.

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to Boris that the real Dimitri was actually killed. Left alone, Boris is unnerfed and frightened by a noise in an adjoining room. Theodore, the tsarévitch, tells him that the servants are playing with a parrot, causing the noise.
The forest of Kromy. The peasants rise in revolt against Boris. They hang the noble of the district, a vassal of Boris. Varlaam and Missail enter singing the praises of "Dimitri." Two Jesuits also sing the praises of the pretender, but the peasants will have nothing to do with Jesuits. "Dimitri" himself comes by with his troops, with the enthusiastic greeting of the peasants.

The Duma has assembled in the Kremlin to depose Boris. Boris enters, and is told by Pimen how a peasant had been cured of blindness by visiting the tomb of Dimitri. Boris dismisses the Duma, sends for his son, talks to him a long while, and dies as the Duma reassembles, pointing to his son as the future Tsar.

MUSIC - LITERATURE - DRAMA

By ALFRED V. FRANKENSTEIN.

"BORIS GODUNOV" was the semi-blind-up performance of the season given by the Chicago Civic opera company at the Auditorium last Saturday afternoon. "Boris Godunov" is a three act opera by Modest Musorgski, based on a play by Pushkin, which in turn is a dramatization of actual facts.

The Tsar Feodor, who ruled from 1584 to 1598, was an imbecile, and his brother-in-law, Boris Godunov, acted as regent for him. Feodor had two sons, one an idiot, one a normal child. Godunov had the normal boy, Dimitri, killed by Prince Shuiski.

Boris Ascends Throne.
Musorgski's opera begins just after Feodor's death. Boris ascends the throne. He is reluctant to do so at first. The first scene of the first act shows the populace of Moscow praying for him to become czar.

The second scene of the same act is in the cell of the monk Pimen. The old monk is writing a history of the misdeeds of Boris Godunov. He tells a young man, Gregory by name, how Boris had killed Dimitri. Gregory cooks up a scheme to go to Lithuania and to Poland, attract a following, march on Moscow and depose Boris claiming to be Dimitri.

The last scene of the act shows the pageantry and pomp attendant on the coronation of Boris.

Boris Has Rivals.
The Kremlin. Boris is troubled by dreams of the murdered Dimitri. Shuiski tells him that the false Dimitri's following is growing and that the throne of the czar is unsafe if Gregory once crosses the border. Shuiski swears

to Boris that the real Dimitri was actually killed. Left alone, Boris is unnerfed and frightened by a noise in an adjoining room. Theodore, the tsarévitch, tells him that the servants are playing with a parrot, causing the noise.

UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS



GERMAN GOVT. 'DISTURBED' BY ALLIED CHARGE

Calls Allies' Bluff on
Cologne Evacuation

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Conditions are being "gravely disturbed" by the action of the allies in "raising charges without detailing or proving them," Germany will reply to the allies' latest note on the subject of the Cologne occupation, it was said today in diplomatic circles. Germany's answer will go forward late today, it was stated.

The formal note which was handed to Chancellor Luther yesterday by the British ambassador has aroused what the press terms "keen resentment" among the German people. It said nothing more, it was pointed out, than that the allies would not discuss the Cologne situation with the German government until the final report of the military control commission is complete.

The German note will argue, it was said, that the failure to evacuate Cologne would be "excusable only if France was threatened with an unprovoked attack, and there is not the slightest cause to suspect this."

THE BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEV



Did you ever see how the fire is made in a samovar? The soldier knows how. He removes a boot and uses it instead of a bellows. Come and see how it is done in "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" to be shown at Ashland Auditorium and Van Buren, Thursday, Feb. 5, from 7 to 11 p. m. continuously.

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British Terror in India

The British financial secretary to the government of Bengal reported to Downing street that an elaborate plan for the assassination of British officials in India is on foot.

The report states that two terrorist leaders are under arrest, that organizers are at work in twenty districts, that the Hindoos are being trained in the use of arms, and that bomb factories have been discovered by agents of the British government. In addition, large quantities of ammunition are reported to have been smuggled into the country.

The British official urged that drastic measures be taken to suppress the rebels.

Undoubtedly there is a movement on foot in India to drive the British invaders out of that country. It is also certain that the pernicious pacifist propaganda is relegated to the limbo of history. But the stories of attempted assassinations are merely for the purpose of preparing the ground for the inauguration of a reign of terror in India that will glut the scaffold with the blood of those best able to lead the Hindoos from the bondage in which they are now in under the rule of the British Empire.

At this moment, Britain is engaged in a world-wide conspiracy against Soviet Russia, her most dangerous enemy. Russia is looked upon by the oppressed peoples of the east as their savior. The diplomacy of the Soviet government is not directed towards acquiring new territories as was the diplomacy of the czar, but towards the liberation of the oppressed of humanity whether they be wage slaves under the yoke of capitalism or colonial peoples doubly robbed by a foreign imperialism.

Britain has temporarily crushed the revolt in Egypt. She has succeeded in getting the Irish question off her doorstep for the moment. But another storm will break and the robber empire will go down in a hurricane when her victims all over the world and her slaves in her own industrial hell rise in revolt and sweep one of the most hateful tyrannies in the history of the world from the face of the earth.

Our French Party

The French section of the Communist International has now a dues-paying membership of 76,000 and the circulation of its mighty daily paper, Humanite, has reached 200,000.

The growth of our French party is in striking contrast to the decline of the socialist party, which was compelled to suspend its daily paper last year thru lack of finance. On the other hand, the Communist Party raised a subscription of 1,000,000 francs for organizing purposes and a party loan of 800,000. This was done between last summer and the end of the year 1924.

The growth of the Communist parties in Europe and elsewhere cannot be measured by the number of representatives sent to the bourgeois legislatures, but that is a very important form of Communist activity. But unlike the socialist parties, he basis of Communist strength is in the mass organizations of the workers, in the trade unions and in the shops. Thus the Communist Party of France influences the political situation considerably more than its representation in parliament would indicate. It is a tremendous revolutionary force and a terrible challenge to French imperialism.

Only Eight Lynchings in 1924

Official records show that ONLY eight Negroes were lynched in 1924. We are getting more and more civilized. They don't lynch the Negroes in the south so much now, because the Negroes are migrating to the north. The Negroes are very valuable and cheap hands for the southern cotton planters and cotton manufacturers, and when they began to leave the south for the north, the southern capitalists got frightened. So they are making life a little easier for the Negro workers—they are not lynching them so much.

Let the Negroes organize and then begin to talk "white" language to the bosses, and then big fights, big strikes will begin. Then they won't lynch the Negroes; they will call out the militia and federal troops and mow them down with machine guns. That is the civilized method.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

HE Gathered Into One All the Tears of the Working Class Mothers, and All the Groans That Rose From the Field of the Imperialist War Found an Echo in His Heart.—Lenin Memorial Meeting in N. Y. City, Feb. 1.

The Monarchical Dung Pile

The little town of Coburg in Germany has become a dumping ground for unemployed monarchs. The principal tin cans on this monarchical rubbish pile are Grand Duke Cyril of Russia and the ex-king Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

Ferdinand, once called the "Fox of the Balkans," is at least foxy enough to keep his mouth shut, but Cyril is not so tight lipped. He keeps an army of literary hacks busy issuing proclamations and countering the proclamations of other pretenders to the throne of the Romanoffs. The woods are full of such.

No matter how much the bourgeoisie hate the Soviet government, they nevertheless consider the play-acting of Cyril and his competitors as so much buffonery. But Cyril has several automobiles, servants and an abiding belief that God kept him alive until now so that he could ascend to the throne which most people have forgotten in the hurly burly of modern life.

The Grand Duke Nicholaivich, another pretender, objects to Cyril's claim that God is on his side and cites marks of divine favor to himself as evidence of his standing with the deity. The Soviet government, when it has a few moments to spare, watches the antics of the crazy czarists and remembers Napoleon's phrase that God is on the side of the heaviest battalions.

Treated Worse Than Dogs

That Chippewa Indians on the Minnesota reservations are treated worse than dogs is the report brought back to Minneapolis by two women members of the Indian relief committee, after a week's visit among the unfortunate wards of the United States government.

The committee found the most appalling conditions among the Indians. Dozens of women, eighty to one hundred years old, were lying on rugs with no food in the house. Scores of children could not go to school for lack of clothing. What looked like a bundle of rags lying under a canopy turned out to be an old woman who was starving with hunger.

The burglars who stole their land from the Indians now leave the unfortunate victims of their thievery to starve in the midst of their patrimony. The American capitalist class that raise their hypocritical voices in horror over the confiscation of industry by the Russian revolution, look with equanimity on the robbery committed by themselves on the people whom they drove from their lands and into starvation. But robbery is their profession, and will continue to be their profession until the workers put an end to it.

Happy Farmers

Poets are inclined to sing the praise of the vagabond who wanders from place to place, unworried and unbound. But now the farmer is getting into the same class. Only he is not unworried and unbound. On the contrary, the latest reports indicate that the farmers are being driven from ownership of the soil with great rapidity.

There are 3,000,000 tenant farmers in this country, or nearly 50 per cent. In Texas there are 150,000 tenant farmers who, with their families, total about 650,000 persons, who wander from one tenant home to another, with their possessions in their wagons.

Eighty per cent of the farmers and farm help in Illinois are over 50 years old. It looks as if farming is attractive to young fellows in Illinois—so that they let it alone.

In 1920, 38.1 per cent of the 6,500,000 farmers were tenants. In 1925, nearly 50 per cent have been turned into tenants. Happy farmers—their proletarianization solves the farming question. It links them up more closely with the working class and makes revolutionary factors of them.

Mexico Not to Be Outdone

Commissioner Enright of the police department of New York is finding an emulator of his fingerprinting plans in Mexico. Ramon Ross, governor of the Federal District of Mexico, has decided to impose fingerprinting on all the inhabitants of his district—"for the use of the police."

It is obvious against whom this is being directed. The workers and poor peasants of Mexico are beginning to see thru the hollow schemes of Calles, the president-elect of the "people." Before election he talked of the "workers and poor peasants," now he talks about his friends in Wall Street. Hence the governor is preparing in advance for the bitter struggles that are about to come in Mexico.

President Calles gained more favor in the eyes of the capitalists when he ordered the courts to proceed against his own chauffeur who was caught violating the speed law. "Ain't we giving them hell," was the slogan of the southern planters who drank champagne on the verandas in the cool evenings while the "white trash" and their colored slaves were facing federal bullets during the civil war. Calles is setting a worthy example in law enforcement but we would like to know how the chauffeurs like it.

Frank Duffy, treasurer of the Carpenters' Union, fears that the radicals have their eyes on the union treasures. They will need microscopes to find anything there by the time the reactionaries get thru.

LIES OF PRESS PROMOTE WAR, EDITOR SAYS

Newspapers Falsify a Government's Behest

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—The capitalist press is one of the agents which fosters war, Bruce Bliven, well known newspaper man, and former editor of the New York Globe, told the conference on the cause and cure of war meeting here today.

"The influence of the newspapers promotes war by commonly allowing tense international situations to drift toward war without trying to avert a clash," said Bliven. "Newspapers deliberately lie at the behest of governments and often encourage their governments to become belligerent. They print the propaganda of war so enthusiastically during the time of hostilities that they prevent the conclusion of sound peace at the end because of prejudices engendered."

Coolidge Promises Of Prosperity Stark Joke on Schenectady

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Jan. 23.—There are about 600 unemployed in Schenectady, the home of the General Electric Co. These workers are down to their last penny, and many of them are starving. The city has been called upon to extend them aid, but the men want work, not charity.

To help out the wives and daughters of the workers are taking in work, or going out as charwomen. In the midst of the greatest plenty, with profits accumulating in the pocket of the capitalists—with the wealth of the country computed to be about 320 billions, there are starving workers in a rich industrial town.

They were promised that the beginning of the new year, the opening of the first year after a presidential election, would see jobs for all. But they got it as usual "in the neck." They voted as they were told to vote—or out of fear of "losing their jobs," and now they are without jobs just the same.

Unemployment has hit the largest families hardest, families of 5 and 10 being without any means of subsistence. Somebody is getting the profits. The workers cannot even get work. They voted just as they were told by the bosses and now they face hunger.

Jack Johnstone Speaks at North Side English Branch

Comrade Jack Johnstone, assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, will speak at the educational meeting of the North Side English Branch at their educational meeting next Monday evening.

Comrade Johnstone, who attended the meeting of the Pan-American Federation of Labor at Mexico City, will tell of the lessons to be drawn from the convention.

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

A Red Welcome to a White Guard

By H. GOLOY

In New York City recently there appeared on a public platform the leader of the Second (socialist) International, the active whiteguard R. Abramovich.

The meeting as well as his visit to America, was arranged by the "Jewish Socialist Verband" and the purpose of transferring his activity from Europe to this country was twofold: First, to renew the counter-revolutionary attack on the Soviet government, secondly, to rally, if possible, about the once-influential name—Abramovich, those forces, which Morris Hillquit and Abe Cahan have shattered.

It was evidenced, however, that both the American socialists and Abramovich, who undoubtedly accepted their information as authoritative, were mistaken in their evaluation of the sentiment among the Jewish workers in this country.

After several weeks boom in the Forward and New Leader "about the honor bestowed upon us" by the visit of "our great" and "famous leader," it is doubtful whether the New Star Casino would have been filled to a third of its capacity. For the crowded capacity, thanks is due those class-conscious workers who came to extend a welcome to Abramovich, such as he deserved.

That the organizers of the meeting anticipated the following events, was evidenced by the warning issued by the chairman Mr. B. Vladeck (once known as the young Lassalle) that disturbers will be treated accordingly.

Vladeck's warning was not mere phraseology. The most conspicuous among the audience were the innumerable blue-coats and plain clothes detectives.

"Four Months Too Long!" The first shot was fired, when Mr.

MASSACHUSETTS BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS HAIL AMALGAMATION AND WHOLE T. U. E. L. PROGRAM

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—The following letter has been sent to the secretaries of all shoe workers' unions in Lynn. It was read at the meetings of local shoe workers' unions and was favorably acted upon by many. The letter occasioned much comment in the capitalist press of Lynn, since they all favor the Boot and Shoe Union.

The chamber of commerce, the capitalist press, the shoe manufacturers and the agents of the bosses' Boot and Shoe Union (?) are all united to force the B. & S. down the throats of the Lynn shoe workers. The letter speaks for itself:

"Dear Sir and Brother: 'Mr. Joseph Manley, eastern district organizer of the Trade Union Educational League, is advertised to speak at a mass meeting of Lynn shoe workers at Lesters' Hall, Monday, Jan. 26, at 8 o'clock."

"The meeting is being called due to the propaganda now being carried on to force the Lynn shoe workers into the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union. 'It is the opinion of our committee that the affiliation of the Lynn unions with the Boot and Shoe would be nothing short of disastrous. The last vestige of independence and economic well-being would be wiped out."

"The Boot and Shoe is not a bona fide trade union. Wherever the B. & S. has organized the workers have lost the most elementary rights as union men. Witness the Brockton situation, where thousands of members of the B. & S. are placed in Local 'O' and are deprived of all membership rights merely because they exercised their right of criticism of the B. & S. officials or demanded militant action against their employers."

"Our committee stands for the amalgamation of all existing shoe workers' unions into one big, powerful industrial union upon the following program:

"(1) Consolidation of all independent unions in an amalgamation convention to be called as soon as possible; (2) Amalgamation of the in-

AS WE SEE IT -- By T. J. O'Flaherty

(Continued from page 1)
between capital and labor, the crimes of Soviet Russia, and the fine arts of craft union strikebreaking, would be considered necessary to prepare for examination.

HERBERT H. ASQUITH has accepted an earldom. They all fall for the blandishments of Buckingham palace sooner or later. Even Balfour had an honor thrust upon him. But H. H. Asquith was a great liberal! The story of how Asquith got the title and the emoluments that go with it, is said to be as follows: When Asquith was defeated by a labor candidate in the Paisley election, the king was deeply grieved and sent for Henry and spoke somewhat thusly: "Herbert, after your many years of loyal service to your king, I am sorry to learn that my subjects turned their thumbs down on you. However, you will have found favor in my eyes and will bestow an earldom on you, with the consent of Mr. Baldwin. But first I would be grateful if you paid a visit to my Egyptian realm where the people still have some confidence in you and subdue the rebels by word of mouth, words being much cheaper than bullets."

Whether this is a correct version of what took place inside the walls of Buckingham palace or not, we cannot vouch for, not having a stenographic report of the dialogue, but certain it is that Herbert and his better half, Margot of the wagging tongue, went to Egypt and the old fester Asquith will be able to sit in the house of lords on Feb. 10. David Lloyd George may begin to hammer his old target, the upper house, with renewed vim, now that his political rival is included among the antique furniture stored there. Britain knows how to repay her servants whether they be liberal, Tory or labor but it is safe to predict the king will never honor the Communists with anything more honorable than a number in one of his majesty's penal institutions.

In introducing "the guest of honor" the chairman—who sensed the sentiment of the audience, tried to prevail over them by portraying Abramovich as "not only a great leader of the Second International, but also a martyr of the social revolution. Regardless of his appeal, the welcome extended to Abramovich, when he arose to address the meeting sent an icy chill to one's spine. The scant applause and the overwhelming booing and hissing left no doubt as to the nature of the audience.

The guest was prepared to give an historical analysis of the role of the peasant revolts of the 18 century in the present revolution. He mustered all his "counter-revolutionary" knowledge to prove that the Bolshevik revolution realized the peasant revolution. This was the first signal for a spontaneous demonstration for the Bolsheviks.

From all parts of the hall the strains of the International echoed forth, Abramovich turned pale, lost his self-possession and portrayed a pitiful sight, indeed. The chairman from seemingly nowhere, obtained a cane, apparently thinking that in that manner he will stop the surge of enthusiasm.

But even this formidable weapon was helpless. Suddenly the flats of the gangsters, and the clubs of the policemen, showed down upon the heads of the demonstrators, dozens of them were dragged towards the exit, beaten, coats torn, and bleeding, they were thrown out.

But even the flat superiority of the attackers was not sufficient to quiet the storm. The demonstration continued for a long time, the disorder only prolonged it. Abramovich losing his trend of thought, commenced to pour forth all his venom against the Russian Communists, forgetting

his historical introduction, this aroused the audience, and shouts of "liar," "traitor," "white guard" greeted him like so many missiles. Hillquit took over the chair, and in a manner befitting a lawyer, appealed to the police not to beat the demonstrators. He apparently meant to appeal to the democratic sense of justice of the rightly-angered workers. In fact, he became so tolerant, that he stated he would permit a question to be put to the speaker. However, when one attempted to avail himself of the privilege, he retracted his promise, stating that only after the meeting questions will be permitted.

Audience Walks Out
Suddenly Judge Jacob Panken, appeared on the platform, simultaneously with a new squad of police. Not waiting for an introduction he ordered the committee of the floor and the police to take their places to maintain "order." This was the greeting extended by the judge to the beloved guest.

Fearing that sooner or later the meeting will be broken up, the chairman whispered to the guest of honor "out in short." When Abramovich resumed his address, the sentiment of the workers, incensed by the justice of the socialist's attacks against Soviet Russia, and their man overing with the police and gangsters to attack anyone who dared to differ with them, was so tense, that he could not very well proceed as the assembly was on its feet, walking out en masse to the strains of the International and "Long Live Soviet Russia."

For hours the streets about the hall were flooded with enthusiastic workers, discussing the Russian revolution and its inspiring influence the world over.

Subscribe for "Your Daily,"

STONE HELPED MORGAN 'ROB' MINING MAN

So Charges Senator in Public Speech

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Sweeping into the open the bitter fight against promotion of Harlan F. Stone to the supreme court of the United States, Senator Thomas Heflin, democrat, of Alabama, this afternoon denounced the attorney general from the floor of the senate for his "legal" activities on behalf of the J. Pierpont Morgan interests.

Heflin attacked Stone solely on his "record" as attorney for Morgan in a case against Colonel James A. Owenby, colored mining man. Heflin charged Owenby had been "robbed of his property" in the suit.

Heflin's speech provoked a new outburst between republicans and democrats. Senator Sterling, republican, of South Dakota, sought to defend the attorney general by reading messages from other attorneys in the Owenby case.

This action was denounced by democrats as a violation of the senate's rules and Sterling was finally halted when the presiding officer ruled him out of order.

Molders Want Job.

ST. LOUIS.—Iron molders in St. Louis particularly have been hard hit by unemployment. All stove shops are closed. Job shops are operating below normal.

See "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" at Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

MORE UNIONS GET BEHIND FIGHT ON SYNDICALISM LAWS

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A number of unions have gone on record protesting against the criminal syndicalist laws of this country. Since the intervention of Comrade Ruthenberg, secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, several unions of New York have sent their protest to the governor of Michigan, demanding the release of Comrade Ruthenberg and the dropping of the prosecution of the other comrades arrested in connection with the convention at Bridgman, Michigan.

Among these unions are the Architectural Union, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union, the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union, Bakers' Local No. 5, the Waterproof Garment Workers' Union, Local No. 29, the Amalgamated Metal Workers' Union, the Ladies Tailors, Theatrical Costume and Alteration Workers' Union, Local No. 38, and the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union, Bakers' Local No. 3.

This spirit of solidarity should be followed by other unions. If the fighters of the working class can be sent to prison on such flimsy pretexts, then the whole American working class will face persecution and the labor organizations will be smashed up. Solidarity is the only watchword for the workers.